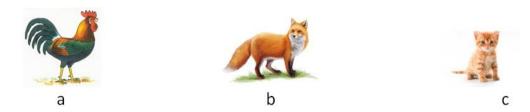
Контрольное тестирование для 3 класса по английскому языку

Тест на начало года

1. Аудирование

Часть 1 (задания 1-8)

Послушай аудиозапись. Отметь героя рассказа:



Соедини пары слов согласно содержанию рассказа:

can	swim
can't	corn
like	sing

Согласно содержанию рассказа отметь утверждения как верные (+) или неверные (-):

I can fly.	
I like sweets.	
I can't swim.	
I am blue and black.	

<u>Часть 2 (задания 9-15)</u>

15. Kate has got...

Прослушай рассказ Кейт и выбери один правильный ответ из трех предложенных вариантов. Обведите соответствующую букву:

9. Kate is			
	a. 7	b. 8	c. 9
10. Kate is			
	a. smart	b. slim	c. strong
11. Kate lives in	l		
	a. Moscow	b. Sochic. Kirov	,
12. Kate likes			
	a. eggs	b. milk	c. tea
13. Kate can			
	a. run	b. jump c. draw	
14. Kate can't			
	a. swim b. sing	c. danc	e

a. a dogb. a frog c. a cat

2. Чтение

Прочитай текст. Закончи предложения, выбрав из предложенных вариантов тот, который соответствует содержанию текста. Обведи соответствующую букву.

I am Tom. I live in England. I think I am very nice, smart and merry. I'm not sad.

I have got a lot of friends. I go to school. I can read and write. I am not lazy.

I like jam, honey and cakes. But I don't like tomatoes and potatoes.

I have got a pet. It's a parrot. He can fly well. It likes corn. It is green and yellow. It is not big. I like my parrot.

16. The boy's name is				
·	a. Tom	b. Tim		c. Sam
17. He lives in	o England	b Dussia		s Dostov
	a. England	b. Russia		c. Rostov
18. Tom can	a. swim	b. read	c. fly	
10 Tanaharan			•	
19. Tom has got	a. a parrot	b. a carrot		c. a duck
20. Tom's parrot	a. is big	b. can fly	c. likes i	am

Прочитай текст, постарайся понять, какие слова в нём пропущены. Впиши в каждый пропуск одно из слов:

sh is corn like	swim fi	angry can'	a meat	big Africa
-----------------	---------	------------	--------	------------

The Crocodile

The crocodile lives in	(21). The crocodile is ver	ry(22) and lo	ong. It is st	rong and	it car
(23) very well.	But it(24)	fly. It(25) gree	n. It is	not kind	l, it is
(26).					
Crocodiles like(27)	and(28). They	don't like apples an	d	(29).	
I(30) crocodiles					

3. Письмо

Прочитай письмо от друга по переписке и напиши ответ, дополнив письмо.

Dear Friend,

My name is Nick. I am seven and I go to school. I live in London with my Mum and Dad.

I like to play computer games with my friends. I can sing well. I have a dog. My dog's name is Grey and it is funny.

And what about you? Do you go to school? Have you got a pet?

Write me back!

Yours.

Nick

Dear	(31),			
Thank you for your	· letter.			
My name is	(32). I am	(33). I go to	(34). I live in	
	(35).			
I like to	(36) and	(37). I can	(38). I have a	(39)
Best wishes,				
(40)			

Тексты для аудирования и ключи

- 1. Hello! I'm a bird. I live on the farm. I am nice. I'm white, red and black. I can sing well. I can't swim, but I can fly. I like corn. I am brave and strong. Who am I?
- 2. My name is Kate. I am 8. I go to school. I live in Sochi. I am pretty and smart. I like milk, fish and apples. I can skip and draw. I can't swim. I have got a cat. I like to play with my cat.

Nº	ответ	Nº	ответ	Nº	ответ	Nº	ответ
1	а	11	b	21	Africa	31	Nick
2	can sing	12	b	22	big	32	имя ребенка
3	can't swim	13	С	23	swim	33	возраст ребенка
4	like corn	14	а	24	can't	34	school
5	+	15	С	25	is	35	Russia
6	-	16	а	26	angry	36	глагол (действия)
7	+	17	а	27	meat/fish	37	глагол (действия)
8	-	18	b	28	meat/fish	38	глагол (действия)
9	b	19	а	29	corn	39	питомец
10	а	20	b	30	like	40	имя ребенка

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	35-40
Оценка «4»	28-34
Оценка «3»	20-27
Оценка «2»	0-19

Контрольное тестирование для 3 класса по английскому языку

Тест на конец года

1. Look and write 13 – thirteen 11 – 12 – 15 – 17 – 20 – 2. Read and choose 1) A) What your name? B) What's your name? 2) A) What's that? B) What that? B) What is my pet. B) This is my pet.
13 – thirteen 11 – 12 – 15 – 17 – 20 – 2. Read and choose 1) A) What your name? B) What's your name? 2) A) What's that? B) What that? B) What that?
11 — 12 — 15 — 17 — 20 — 2. Read and choose 1) A) What your name? B) What's your name? 2) A) What's that? B) What that? 3) A) This my pet.
12 — 15 — 17 — 20 — 2. Read and choose 1) A) What your name? B) What's your name? 2) A) What's that? B) What that? 3) A) This my pet.
15 — 17 — 20 — 2. Read and choose 1) A) What your name? B) What's your name? 2) A) What's that? B) What that? 3) A) This my pet.
17 — 20 — 2. Read and choose 1) A) What your name? B) What's your name? 2) A) What's that? B) What that? 3) A) This my pet.
20 — 2. Read and choose 1) A) What your name? B) What's your name? 2) A) What's that? B) What that? 3) A) This my pet.
2. Read and choose 1) A) What your name? B) What's your name? 2) A) What's that? B) What that? 3) A) This my pet.
 A) What your name? B) What's your name? A) What's that? B) What that? A) This my pet.
B) What's your name?2) A) What's that?B) What that?3) A) This my pet.
2) A) What's that? B) What that? 3) A) This my pet.
3) A) This my pet.
B) This is my pet.
3. Read and answer about yourself.
1) What's your name?
2) How old are you?3) What's your favourite subject?
4. Read and choose.
1) This is my fish. Its / Your name is Bubbly.
2) She / Her name is Lucy.
3) This is my mother. Her / His name is Lucy.
4) Look at its / our friends, Bob and Mary!
5) This is my grandfather. Her / His name is John.
5) Read and complete: am, is, are.
1) It a duck.
2) I not a student.
3) they friends? 4) This not my car.
5) Who he?
6. Read and match.
1) What's this? A) My little 2) Who's she? sister.
3) What are they? B) They're
4) Who's he? rulers.
5) Is it a pencil? C) No, it's a pen.
D) My big
brother.

E) It's a pencil.

7. Read and choose.

- 1) We doesn't / don't like tea.
- 2) Does Mary likes / like potatoes?
- 3) **Does / Do** you like chips?
- 4) She like / likes biscuits?
- 5) **Does / Do** dogs likes meat?
- 8. Read and choose.
- 1) We haven't got some / any eggs.
- 2) Have they got **some / any** cheese?
- 3) Can I have some / any cake?
- 4) He has got some / any popcorn.
- 5) She hasn't got **some / any** milk.
- 6) They 've got some / any rice.
- 9. Read and choose.
- 1) What's that?
- a) It's a pencil.
- b) These are pencils.
- 2) What are those?
- а) А реп.
- b) Pens.
- 3) Whose is this book?
- a) It's Mary's.
- b) It's Mary.
- 4) Whose is this?
- a) Bob.
- b) Bob's.

10) Read and choose.

- 1) There is / are a bed in front of the window.
- 2) There is / are two dogs under the table.
- 3) There is / are some books on the shelf.
- 4) There is / are a lamp on the table.

11. Read and choose.

- 1) I go to bed ... 11 o'clock.
- a) in b) at c) on
- 2) I visit my friends ... Sundays.
- a) in b) on c) at
- 3) ... is this doll? It is Bob's.
- a) Who b) What c) Whose
- 4) ... is John? In the kitchen.
- a) What b) Where c) Whose
- 5) Can a bird swim?
- a) Yes, it can. b) No, it can't.
- 6) I love They are cute!
- a) dog b) dogs
- 7) Look at the cat. It ... a long tail!
- a) have got b) has got
- 8) ... is Mary? He is Mike's sister.
- a) What b) Where c) Who
- 9) There are ... potatoes in the fridge.
- a) any b) a c) some
- 10) Look! Kate ... a kite!
- a) is fly b) is flying

Ключи

1. Look and write

- 13 thirteen
- 11 eleven
- 12 twelve
- 15 fifteen
- 17 seventeen
- 20 twenty

2. Read and choose

- 1) B) What's your name?
- 2) A) What's that?
- 3) B) This is my pet.

3. Read and answer about yourself.

- 1) What's your name? My name is Peter.
- 2) How old are you? I am eight.
- 3) What's your favourite subject? My favourite subject is English.

4. Read and choose.

- 1) This is my fish. Its name is Bubbly.
- 2) Her name is Lucy.
- 3) This is my mother. Her name is Lucy.
- 4) Look at our friends, Bob and Mary!
- 5) This is my grandfather. **His** name is John.
- 5) Read and complete: am, is, are.
- 1) Itis..... a duck.
- 2) I ...am..... not a student.
- 3) ... Are...... they friends?
- 4) Thisis..... not my car.
- 5) Who ...is..... he?

6. Read and match.

- 1) What's this? E) It's a pencil.
- 2) Who's she? A) My little sister.
- 3) What are they? B) They're rulers.
- 4) Who's he? D) My big brother.
- 5) Is it a pencil? C) No, it's a pen.

7. Read and choose.

- 1) We don't like tea.
- 2) Does Mary like potatoes?
- 3) **Do** you like chips?
- 4) She likes biscuits?
- 5) Do dogs likes meat?

8. Read and choose.

- 1) We haven't got any eggs.
- 2) Have they got **some** cheese?
- 3) Can I have some cake?
- 4) He has got some popcorn.
- 5) She hasn't got any milk.
- 6) They've got some rice.
- 9. Read and choose.
- 1) What's that?
- a) It's a pencil.
- 2) What are those?

- b) Pens.
- 3) Whose is this book?
- a) It's Mary's.
- 4) Whose is this?
- b) Bob's.
- 10) Read and choose.
- 1) There is a bed in front of the window.
- 2) There are two dogs under the table.
- 3) There re some books on the shelf.
- 4) There is a lamp on the table.
 - 11. Read and choose.
- 1) I go to bed ... at ... 11 o'clock.
- a) in **b) at** c) on
- 2) I visit my friends ... on... Sundays.
- a) in **b) on** c) at
- 3) ... Whose... is this doll? It is Bob's.
- a) Who b) What c) Whose
- 4) ... Where ... is John? In the kitchen.
- a) What **b) Where** c) Whose
- 5) Can a bird swim?
- a) Yes, it can. b) No, it can't.
- 6) I love ... dogs... . They are cute!
- a) dog b) dogs
- 7) Look at the cat. It ... has got... a long tail!
- a) have got **b) has got**
- 8) ... Who ... is Mary? He is Mike's sister.
- a) What b) Where c) Who
- 9) There are ... some... potatoes in the fridge.
- a) any b) a c) some
- 10) Look! Kate ... is flying... a kite!
- a) is fly **b) is flying**

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	55 – 60
Оценка «4»	45 – 54
Оценка «3»	30 – 44
Оценка «2»	0 – 29

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Контрольное тестирование для 4 класса по английскому языку

Тест на начало года

1. Какое из этих слов лишнее? Зачеркни его.

- a) Tuesday, Saturday, PE, Monday, Friday
- b) Maths, Art, Steve, Crafts, Music

2.выоери и	обведи нужную букву.
1) Rick's hen	red.
a) can 2) He seven.	b) is
a) is	b) am
3) I got six gr	ey rabbits.
a) have	b) has
4)Jim's dog s	wim.
a) is	b) can
3. Напиши сло	ва правильно.
elspe	
eilms	
aadpn	
tsogrn	
eeslva	
4. Соедини ст	релками рифмующиеся слова.
hedgehog	
	pen
hen	pen
hen	frog
hen	frog
hen cat fox	frog fat big
hen cat fox stick ball	frog fat big box
hen cat fox stick ball	frog fat big box doll ущенные слова <i>am, is, are</i> .
hen cat fox stick ball 5. Вставь проп 1) She a pupi	frog fat big box doll ущенные слова <i>am, is, are</i> .
hen cat fox stick ball 5. Вставь проп 1) She a pupi	frog fat big box doll ущенные слова <i>am, is, are.</i> I. and strong? – Yes, I
hen cat fox stick ball 5. Вставь проп 1) She a pupi 2) you brave	frog fat big box doll ущенные слова <i>am, is, are.</i> I. and strong? – Yes, I
hen cat fox stick ball 5. Вставь проп 1) She a pupi 2) you brave 3) Tom not la	frog fat big box doll ущенные слова am, is, are. I. and strong? — Yes, I

c) read, pupil, watch, make

6. Найди и обведи слова. Составь слово из оставшихся букв.

Armrhandofeetbheadolegt

7. Соедини слова с противоположным значением.

slim sad

merry ugly

warm cold

angry fat

black white

nice kind

boring interesting

8. Составь предложения. Запиши их.

- 1)the, How, are, bananas, much?
- 2) I, see, can, near, castle, forest, a, the.
- 3) is, hot, It, today, sunny, and.
- 4)You'd, brown, better, sweater, wear, your.
- 5) packing, I, my, am, rucksack.
- 6)your, When, is, birthday?

9. Вставь have или has.

- 1)Bob ... got a funny dog.
- 2) We ... got a lot of friends.
- 3) ... you got jeans?
- 4) Tom ... got a mouse lemur.
- 5) The boys ...got kites and bikes.

10. Подбери цифры к словам.

20 thirty

50 forty

90 twenty

40 sixty

60 ninety

70	a hundred	
100	eighty	
80	seventy	
<u>Ключи</u>		
1.a)PE		
b)Steve		
c)pupil		
2.1b		
2a		
3a		
4b		
3.sleep, sı	mile, panda, s	strong, leaves
4. hedgeh	og	frog
Pen		hen
cat		fat
fox		box
stick	1	big
ball	C	doll
5. 1) is		
2)are, a	m	
3)is		
4)is		
5)are		
6)is		
6. arm, ha	ınd, feet, hea	d, leg, robot
7. slim -fa	t	

30

fifty

merry -sad
warm-cold
angry-kind
black-white
nice-ugly
boring- interesting
8. 1)How much are the bananas?
2) I can see a castle near the forest.
3) It is hot and sunny today.
4)You'd better wear your brown sweater.
5) I am packing my rucksack.
6)When is your birthday?
9.has, have, have, has, have
10. 20 -twenty
50-fifty
90-ninety
40-forty
60-sixty
30-thirty
70-seventy
100-a hundred
80-eighty

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	48 – 52
Оценка «4»	33 – 47
Оценка «3»	26 – 32
Оценка «2»	0 – 25

Контрольное тестирование для 4 класса по английскому языку

Тест на конец года

Задание 1.

Прочитайте текст.

Sasha lives in a small town. The town is very nice, clean and green. There are many beautiful parks in Sasha's town.

You can see fine houses, nice streets (улицы) and a big stadium in this town. Sasha and his friends like to play in the stadium.

Usually they play games in the park. Sometimes children have picnics too.

It is fun to spend time together. Sasha likes his town and his friends very much.

Выберите правильный ответ (true-false)

- 1. Sasha lives in a big town.
- 2. There are no beautiful parks and gardens in the town.
- 3. Sasha and his friends like to play in the stadium.
- 4. Children have picnics too.
- 5. They do not play games in the park.
- 6. Sometimes children have picnics too.
- 7. Sasha does not like his town.

Задание 2.

Выберите слово, которое выпадает из логического ряда, подчеркните его.

- 1. Meat, fish, milk, tree.
- 2. Doll, apple, toy-bus, teddy-bear.
- 3. Garden, park, house, ship.
- 4. Dress, boots, shoes, chess.

Задание 3

Вставьте пропущенные слова. Обведите в кружок выбранный вариант.

- 1. Usually we skate and ski
- a) in summer. b) in winter. c) in spring.
- 2. I like eating meals that my mother cooks for me.

a) tasty. b) funny . c) clean
2 A mining them a doc
3. A pig isthan a dog.
a) sillier b) more sillier c) the silliest
4. My friend is the pupil in the class.
a) good b) best c) the better
5. It often rains in autumn. So the weather isa) rainy.b) frosty.c) sunny.
6. Elephant is animal on the land.a) the biggest. b) biggest. c) the most big.
Задание 4
Составьте предложения.
a) Does, go, sister, on, school, to, your, Sunday?
b) Play, in, we, games, our, stadium.
c) Visit, will, granny, you, tomorrow, your?
Задание 5
Выберите правильную форму глагола. Обведите её в кружок.
 My friend to my place after lessons yesterday. a) comes b) come c)came
2 you always help your mother?
a) Do b) Does c) Did
3. I swimming very much.
a) like b) likes c) liked
4. I eleven and I go to school.
a) are b) is c) am
5. There many flowers in our garden in last summer.
a) were b) are c)is

ЧТЕНИЕ:

1.false. 2.false. 3.true. 4.true. 5.false. 6. true. 7.false.

ВЫЧЕРКНУТЬ ЛИШНЕЕ СЛОВО ИЗ ЛОГИЧЕСКОГО РЯДА:

1.tree. 2.apple. 3.ship. 4.chess..

ЛЕКСИКО-ГРАММАТИЧЕСКОЕ ЗАДАНИЕ:

1.b, 2.a, 3.a, 4.b 5.a 6.a

СОСТАВЬ ПРЕДЛОЖЕНИЯ, ПОСТАВИВ СЛОВА В НУЖНОМ ПОРЯДКЕ:

- 1. Does your sister go to school on Sundays?
- 2.We play games in our stadium.
- 3. Will your granny visit you tomorrow?

ГРАММАТИЧЕСКОЕ ЗАДАНИЕ:

1c, 2a, 3a, 4c, 5a.

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	27 – 30
Оценка «4»	22 – 26
Оценка «3»	15 – 21
Оценка «2»	0 – 14

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Контрольное тестирование для 5 класса по английскому языку

Тест на начало года

1.Какое слово лишнее? Зачеркни его.

- a) flat, living room, clock, kitchen, hall
- b) sofa, armchair, table, bed, wall
- c) enjoy, want, share, nice, live

z. вставь пропущенные слова is или are .	
a) There a big red carpet on my floor.	
b) There three windows in our living room.	
c) There a lot of books on the shelves.	
d) There a nice armchair in Tiny's house.	
e) There no chairs in my bedroom.	
3. Раскрой скобки. Поставь прилагательные в сравнительной или превос	ходной степени.
a) The desert is (big) than the field	
b) The road is (long) than the street	
c) The farm is (clean) in the city	
d) I like mountains (much) than fields	
e) The book is (interesting) than the film	
4. Напиши парами слова с противоположным значением.	
	, small, rainy, sad
4. Напиши парами слова с противоположным значением. Good, country, white, hot, big, short, cold, happy, bad, sunny, town, tall, black,	., small, rainy, sad
	, small, rainy, sad
	, small, rainy, sad
	s, small, rainy, sad
Good, country, white, hot, big, short, cold, happy, bad, sunny, town, tall, black,	, small, rainy, sad
Good, country, white, hot, big, short, cold, happy, bad, sunny, town, tall, black,	s, small, rainy, sad
Good, country, white, hot, big, short, cold, happy, bad, sunny, town, tall, black,	, small, rainy, sad
	s, small, rainy, sad
Good, country, white, hot, big, short, cold, happy, bad, sunny, town, tall, black, 5. Напиши глаголы во второй форме. go meet	s, small, rainy, sad
Good, country, white, hot, big, short, cold, happy, bad, sunny, town, tall, black, 5. Напиши глаголы во второй форме. go meet be	s, small, rainy, sad
Good, country, white, hot, big, short, cold, happy, bad, sunny, town, tall, black, 5. Напиши глаголы во второй форме. go meet beski	s, small, rainy, sad

6. Напиши время предложениями.

9.00	
8.30	
5.15	
7.45	
6.20	
7. расставь буквы в нужном порядке и запиши получивь	ииеся слова.
a) t, e, s, h ,o ,c, l	
b) a, t, c, o	
c) i, r, h, t, s	
d) h, o ,s ,e, s	
e)t, m, i ,t, e, n, s	
8. Переведи на английский язык.	
а) чашка чая	
b) коробка конфет	
с) стакан молока	
d) бутылка сока	_
е)кусочек торта	_
<u>Ключи</u>	
 Clock, wall, nice Is, are, are, is, are 	
3. Bigger, longer, the cleanest, more, more interesting	
 Good- bad White- black 	
Country- town	
Hot- cold	
Big- small	
short-tall	
Happy- sad Sunny-rainy	
5. went, met, was/were, skied, skated, did	

6. It is nine o'clock.

It is half past eight.

It is a quarter past five.

It is a quarter to eight.

It is twenty past six.

- 7. clothes, coat, shoes, T-shirt, mittens
- 8. a cup of tea, a box of sweets, a glass of milk, a bottle of juice, a piece of cake.

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	55 – 60
Оценка «4»	45 – 54
Оценка «3»	30 – 44
Оценка «2»	0-29

Контрольное тестирование для 5 класса по английскому языку

Тест на конец года

1. Поставьте артикль a или an
a) Tom is student.
b) This is apple.
c) Give me orange.
d) There is big carpet on the floor.
2. Переведите на русский язык:
a) my mother's dress
b) Tom's ball
c) the boys' books
d) my brother's room
3. Вставьте вместо пропусков глаголы am, is, are :
a) l a pupil.
b) She a good doctor.
c) They not at home.
d) My mother an engineer.
e) Dogs in the street.
f) I not a pilot.
4. Соотнеси левую и правую колонки (предлоги места)

1. под

a) in

b) on	2. на
c) under	3.в
d) next to	4.перед, впереди
e) behind	5. за, позади
f) in front of	
5. Напишите существите	льные во множественном числе:
a) child	
b) cap	
c) camera	
d) brush	
e) lady	
f) game	
6. Напишите числительн	ые цифрами:
b) twelve	
c) sixteen	
	fty-seven
f) ten	
7. Выпишите лишнее сло	во из логической цепочки слов:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ol bag, pencil, bed
	hospital, table, cupboard, lamp
	girl, hen, cat
	laughter, granny, aunt
	, parrot, meat
f) summer, spring,	acket, winter
<u>Ключи</u>	
4.5	
1. Поставьте артикль а и	пи an
a) a	
b) an	
c) an d) a	
u) a	
2. Переведите на русски	
а) платье моей м	амы
b) мяч Тома	
с) книги мальчик	
d) комната моего	брата
	сков глаголы am, is, are :
a) am	
b) is	
c) are	
d) is	
-	
e) are	
e) are f) am	

a) 3 b) 2

- c) 1
- d) 6
- e) 5
- f) 4

5. Напишите существительные во множественном числе:

- a) children
- b) caps
- c) cameras
- d) brushes
- e) ladies
- f) games

6. Напишите числительные цифрами:

- a) 23
- b) 12
- c) 16
- d) 157
- e) 70
- f) 10

7. Выпишите лишнее слово из логической цепочки слов:

- a) bed
- b) hospital
- c) girl
- d) chair
- e) parrot
- f) jacket

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	35 – 40
Оценка «4»	28 – 34
Оценка «3»	20 – 27
Оценка «2»	0 – 19

Контрольное тестирование для 6 класса по английскому языку

Тест на начало года

1. Make up words.

- a) h, g, e, n, s, i, l
- b) e, i, s, c, n, e, c
- c) t, y, h, s, i, o, r
- d) a, m, d, r, a
- e) s, a, t, h, m
- f)f, o, i, r, a, n, m, t, i, n, o

2. Add the tag ending.
a) Nice day,?
b)It will rain tomorrow,?
c)It was a group of 15 students,?
d)They didn't arrange a date of the competition,?
e)You are responsible for the result,?
3.Cross out the word with a positive meaning.
a) impossible, impolite, imagine
b) unknown, understand, unfriendly, unlucky
c) nothing, normal, non-stop
4. Translate from English into Russian.
A travelling painter
A sleeping horse
The letter sent by a lawyer
The advert written by us
5. Write down the word combinations.
Big Palace
Trafalgar Tower
Bloody Square
Buckingham Ben
Westminster Abbey
6. Put in verbs in the correct form.
a) He pictures on the wall yesterday. (draw)
b) Why she alwayssilly questions? (ask)
c) Last summer they abroad.(go)
d) Look! The boystheir homework. (do)
e) They any help, do they? (need)
7. Write down the opposites.
Rude, possible, polite, happy, unlucky, true, unfriendly, pleasant, noisy, lucky, unpleasant, false, unhappy,
friendly, impossible, quiet
<u>Ключи</u>
1. English, Science, History, Drama, Maths, Information
2. a) Nice day, isn't it?
b)It will rain tomorrow, won't it?
c)It was a group of 15 students, wasn't it?
d)They didn't arrange a date of the competition, did they?
e)You are responsible for the result, aren't you?
3. imagine, understand, normal
4. imagine, understand, normal

4. путешествующий художник, спящая лошадь; письмо посланное адвокатом; объявление написанное

нами

5. Big Ben

Buckingham Palace

Trafalgar Square

Bloody Tower

Westminster Abbey

6. drew, does...ask, went, are doing, don't need

7. Rude - polite

Possible - impossible

happy - unhappy

unlucky-lucky

true - false

unfriendly - friendly

pleasant- unpleasant

noisy - quiet

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	33-37
Оценка «4»	27-32
Оценка «3»	18-26
Оценка «2»	0-17

Контрольное тестирование для 6 класса по английскому языку

Тест на конец года

I. Listening Comprehension

Вы услышите, как два человека рассказывают о своих спальнях, и выберите правильный ответ A, B или C.

1.	Bob	's	bedroom	is	on	the
	~	•	~~~~		• • •	••••

a. second floor

b. first floor

c. third floor

2. Katie's bedroom is on the

a. second floor

b. first floor

c. third floor

3. Katie's got a desk next to

a. the window

b. her bed

c. her wardrobe

4. Bob has got

a. three posters on the walls

b. a computer on his desk

c. trainers under the bed

5. Katie's bedroom is next to

a. her sister's bedroom

- b. her brother's bedroom
- c. the bathroom

6.Bob has got the same room as

- a. his brother
- b. his sister
- c. no one

II. Reading Comprehension.

Прочитайте текст и отметьте верные предложения буквой (Т) и неверные предложения буквой (F).

Tanya is my classmate. She is a Russian girl. She is in the fifth form. She is a student of School Number 44.

Tanya is young, she is twelve years old. She is a bit taller than me. She looks like her mother. She is pretty. Tanya is a thin girl with large brown eyes. Her hair is fair, long and straight. Her face is oval and her nose is turned-up. She wants to look like all the models.

Tanya likes wearing smart things: bright blouses and skirts. She is always well dressed. She doesn't like jeans.

Tanya is a good friend. She never gossips. Everyone loves her. She is clever, honest and kind. She always tells the truth. She has a good sense of humour. She knows a lot of interesting and funny stories.

She does well at school. She always does her homework. She is very good at English and math. Tanya plays the piano very well. I think she is very talented.

I am happy to have such a friend as Tanya.

7. Tanya is in the 5 form.

A)true B)false

8. She is a student of School Number thirty four.

A)true B)false

9. She likes wearing bright blouses and trousers.

A)true B)false

10. She likes jeans.

A)true B)false

11. She is a good student.

A)true B)false

2.Прочитайте текст и выполните задания 12-16, обведя букву A, B, С или D, соответствующую варианту ответа, который вы считаете наиболее правильным. Food from around the world.

We eat a lot of different kinds of food today. Before the 16th century, people in Europe didn't have a lot of the things that we can eat and drink every day. At the end of the 15th century, people from Europe started to travel to other parts of the world. They went to America, Africa and Asia. They brought back a lot of new kinds of food.

Chocolate came from Mexico. The Aztecs there drank chocolate with pepper! The Spanish brought chocolate to Europe and they were first to put sugar in it. Until the 1870s, chocolate was only a drink. The Swiss made the first bar of chocolate in 1876.

Tomatoes, peppers and avocados all came from Mexico, too. The Spanish took seeds back to Spain and started to grow the plants there. Soon they spread to other countries in Europe and then to other parts of the world. The words tomato, chocolate and avocado all come from the old Aztec language.

Potatoes came from South America. Potatoes like cold, wet weather. They grew in the mountains of Peru. Coffee came from Africa. The Turks took it to Turkey and then to Europe. Tea came from China in the 17th century. At first it was very expensive and only rich people drank it, but in the 19th century the British started to grow tea in India. They produced a lot, so it was cheap and everybody could drink it.

a)Britain b)Switzerland c)Spain

13. Europeans brought from Mexico

a) peppers, tomatoes, chocolate and avocados b)peppers, potatoes, chocolate and avocados c) peppers, tea, chocolate and avocados

14. The British started to grow tea in.....

a)China b)Turkey c)India.

15. Coffee came to Turkey from.......

a)Europe b)Africa c)India.

16. At first only rich people drank tea, because.......

a) it was not very good b) it was cheap c) it was expensive

III.USE OF ENGLISH

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных в скобках, при помощи суффиксов и приставок, данных в рамочке, слова, которые грамматически и лексически соответствуют содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски 17—23 полученными словами.

Britain s countryside is	(17)(beauty	y) at any time of the ye	ar. Each region i	has its own
(18)(attract) and the landscape change	s with the seasons.		

	you can enjoy				-	n a good day, yo ous food (haggis)	
	nds and admir		(great) of Be her is (23)			(bright) and bear museums	uty of Scotland s
<u>Клн</u>	<u>очи</u>						
Задание № 1							
Напишите в яче	<u>ейку правильн</u>	ый ответ					<u></u>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
	С	b	а	b	b	С	
Задание № 2							
Напишите в яче	ейку правильн	ный ответ					
7		8	9	1	0	11	
а		b	b	k)	а	
Задание № 3							<u>-</u>
Напишите в яч	ейку правильн	ный ответ					
12	-	13	14	-	15	16	
b		а	a		b	С	

Задание № 4

Напишите в ячейку правильный ответ

Номер задания	Ответ
17	beautiful
18	attraction
19	sunny
20	healthiest
21	greatest
22	brightest
23	rainy

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	21-23
Оценка «4»	17-20
Оценка «3»	11-16
Оценка «2»	0–10

.....

I. Listening Comprehension

Вы услышите, как два человека рассказывают о своих спальнях, и выберите правильный ответ A, B или C.

1 Bob has got the same room as

- a. his sister
- b. his brother
- c. no one

2. Katie's bedroom is on the

- a. second floor
- b. first floor
- c. third floor

3. Bob has got

- a. three posters on the walls
- b. a computer on his desk
- c. trainers under the bed

4. Katie's got a desk next to

- a. the window
- b. her bed
- c. her wardrobe

5. Katie's bedroom is next to

- a. her sister's bedroom
- b. her brother's bedroom
- c. the bathroom

6. Bob's bedroom is on the

- a. third floor
- b. first floor
- c. second floor

II. Reading Comprehension.

Прочитайте текст и отметьте верные предложения буквой (T) и неверные предложения буквой (F).

My flat is on the fifth floor. It's very comfortable. We have got all modern conveniences, such as central heating, electricity, gas, running water and a telephone. There are three rooms, a kitchen and a bathroom in my flat.

The largest room is the living room. In the middle of the room there is a big table and eight chairs round it. Opposite the window there is a wall unit with lots of books, a TV set and a DVD player. There are two comfortable armchairs and a sofa in the living room.

My room is the smallest room, but it is very cosy and bright. There is a bed, a wardrobe, a desk, an armchair and several bookshelves in my room. There is a big colourful carpet on the floor and there are blue curtains on the window. The walls in my room are light-brown and there are some posters on them.

Our kitchen is large and light. We've got a refrigerator, a wall cupboard and a cooker in it. I like my room and clean it every day.

7.My living room is small.

A)true B)false

8. A wall unit is opposite the window.

A)true B)false

9. There are 4 comfortable armchairs and a sofa in my living room.

A)true B)false

10. There are no posters in my room.

A)true B)false

11. I clean my room every day.

A)true B)false

2)Прочитайте текст и выполните задания 12—16, обведя букву A, B, C или D, соответствующую варианту ответа, который вы считаете наиболее правильным.

Food from around the world.

We eat a lot of different kinds of food today. Before the 16th century, people in Europe didn't have a lot of the things that we can eat and drink every day.

At the end of the 15th century, people from Europe started to travel to other parts of the world. They went to America, Africa and Asia. They brought back a lot of new kinds of food.

Chocolate came from Mexico. The Aztecs there drank chocolate with pepper! The Spanish brought chocolate to Europe and they were first to put sugar in it. Until the 1870s, chocolate was only a drink. The Swiss made the first bar of chocolate in 1876.

Tomatoes, peppers and avocados all came from Mexico, too. The Spanish took seeds back to Spain and started to grow the plants there. Soon they spread to other countries in Europe and then to other parts of the world. The words tomato, chocolate and avocado all come from the old Aztec language.

Potatoes came from South America. Potatoes like cold, wet weather. They grew in the mountains of Peru. Coffee came from Africa. The Turks took it to Turkey and then to Europe. Tea came from China in the 17th century. At first it was very expensive and only rich people drank it, but in the 19th century the British started to grow tea in India. They produced a lot, so it was cheap and everybody could drink it.

12. Aztecs drank chocolate with...... a) pepper b)sugar c)milk. **13**. At the end of the 15th century, people from Europe started to travel..... a) to America, Canada and Africa b)to America, England and Asia c)to America, Africa and Asia 14..... came from Mexico. a)coffee b)chocolate c)potatoes. **15**. The Turks broughtto Europe. a) turkeys b) tea c) coffee **16.**were were first to put sugar into chocolate. c) the French a) the Spanish b) the English

Прочитаите приведенный ниже текст. При помощи суффиксов и приставок, данных в рамочке,
образуйте от слов, напечатанных в скобках, слова, которые грамматически и лексически
соответствуют содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски 17—23 полученными словами.
People say that there are jobs only for boys and there are jobs only for girls. I agree. As for me, I have
wanted to be a (17)(music) since I was in kindergarten when I first learnt how to play the
piano. When I grow up, I want to be a (18)(piano) or a (19)(sing). I think these
professions are good for boys and girls. My brother Bill wants to be a car (20)(engine) because our
Dad is one. Most people would say that this is a boys' job. I think that the job of a fireman is have to be
strong and (21) (health) because they have to fight fire and save people in burning (22) s
(build). On the other hand, a (23) (library) can be a man s job but not many boys want to be one.

<u>Ключи</u>

Задание № 1

Напишите в ячейку правильный ответ

1	2	3	4	5	6
С	b	b	а	b	а

Задание № 2

Напишите в ячейку правильный ответ

7	8	9	10	11
b	а	b	b	а

Задание № 3

Напишите в ячейку правильный ответ

	•			
12	13	14	15	16
а	С	b	С	а

Задание № 4

Напишите в ячейку правильный ответ

Номер задания	Ответ
17	musician
18	pianist
19	singer
20	engineer
21	healthy
22	building
23	librarian

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	21-23
Оценка «4»	17-20
Оценка «3»	11-16
Оценка «2»	0-10

Контрольное тестирование для 7 класса по английскому языку

Тест на конец года

<u>1.</u>	Listen to E	rica talking to her friend in a music shop. What type of music do her friends like?
<u>1.</u>	Paul	a. classical
<u>2</u> .	Susan	b. pop music
<u>3.</u>	Pat	c . jazz
<u>4.</u>	Stephanie	d. rap
<u>5.</u>	Alan	e. heavy metal music.
		f. soul
2.		e right option.
		Brian is a very boy and the best student in his class.
a.	intelligent	
		I like beautiful in our village.
a.	public	·
_		John lives in the country because he likes the friendly and people.
a.	helpful	·
_	<u>9.</u>	He can speak three: English, German and French.
a.	languages	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
_	idea	The athlete broke the world for the 100 m race. b. record c. advice
a.		There's an with Brad Pitt in today's newspaper.
2	interview	······
a.	12.	
2	allowed	
a.		Famous people such as actors and sportsmen are for teenagers.
2	role model	
u.		they travel by bicycle every weekend.
a.	To keep fit	
۵.	•	I find the most stressful.
а.		with your parents b. getting enough sleep c. arguing with parents
٠.	_	The book is very
a.	bored	·
		2004 was the year the Olympic Games were held in Athens.
a.	when	b. who c. which
	<u>18.</u>	I prefer classical music because it isthan rock music.
a.	relax	b. more relaxing c. most relaxing
	<u>19.</u>	If you have a headache, you take a pain killer
a.	should	b. has c. could
	<u>20.</u>	I did it
a.	myself	b. herself c. itself
	<u>21.</u>	Have you eaten candy floss?
a.	ever	b. always c. tomorrow
	<u>22.</u>	Is there milk?
a.	some	b. many c. any
	<u>23.</u>	He is the boy in the class.
a.	tallest	b. tall c. taller
	<u>24.</u>	I bought a blue dress.
a.	Italian	b. wooden c. nice
	<u>25.</u>	There is a of tea.

3 Under	rline the correct word.
26.	This film is thefilm ever!
20.	a. most successful b. more successful c. succesfullest
27	
27.	He isat playing the violin than his brother.
	a. better b. good c. best
28.	Mary isthan Garth.
	a. funniest b. funnier c. funny
29.	
	a. worst b. badest c. worse
30.	James is than Mike.
	a. tallest b. taller c. tall
_	Fill in the question tags.
31.	We are running out of freshwater,?
	a. aren't we b. isn't we c. are we
32.	The world has got warmer,?
32.	a. hasn't it b. has it c. hasn't he
	a. Hash C. Hash C. Hash Che
33.	The oil killed many fish,?
	a. did it b. didn't it c. don't it
2.4	
34.	It is wrong to drop litter on the street,?
	a. is it b. isn't it c. it isn't
35.	You didn't take those cans to the recycling bank,?
55.	a. didn't I b. do I c. did I
<u>5. P</u>	ut the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.
36.	He usually(drink) coffee in mornings.
	a. is drinking b. drinks
27	At the moment they (play) football.
57.	
	a. is playing b. are playing
38.	Jane(read) the newspaper when the phone rang.
	a. read b. was reading
	•
39.	We(move) house in 2000.
	a. have been moving b. have moved
40.	Theyjust(plant) flowers.
101	a. have planted b. have been planting
	a. nave planted b. nave been planting
<u>6. Put th</u>	ne verbs in brackets in the present simple or present continuous.
	Every Monday, Sally(drive) her kids to football practice.
42.	Shhh! Be quite! John(sleep).
	Jenny usually (do) her homework in the evening.
	She (be) always late for breakfast.
	I (not/understand) what you are saying
to m	

c. can

7. Read the text and and mark the statements true (T) or false (F).

b. packet

a. cup

The National Sport of England

Football is the most popular sport in England. In fact, a lot of English people say it is their national sport.

English people have played football for a very long time. However, the game didn't have any real rules until the l9th century. In l815, Eton College created rules to make the game less violent and later, in l848, Cambridge university made many of the modern rules. Football quickly became as popular as other games such as cricket.

Today, there are thousands of football clubs in England, and professional clubs, such as Arsenal, Liverpool and Manchester United are famous all over the world.

Football has become part of the cultural life in England and hundreds of thousands of fans support their favourite teams in stadiums around the country every weekend. Many English children have football lessons at school. And famous footballers, such as David Beckham and Michael Owen have become role models for a lot of these children.

- 46. Football rules were created in the 19th century.
- 47. Arsenal is unknown football team.
- 48. The English like football.
- 49. Football fans often go to stadiums.
- 50. Cricket is one of popular game in England.

Ключи

1	b
2	С
3	е
4	a
5	d
6	a
7	С
8	a
9	a
10	b
11	a
12	a
13	a
14	a
15	С
16	b
17	a
18	b
19	a
20	a
21	a
22	С
23	a
24	С
25	a
26	а
27	а
28	b
29	а
30	b

31	а
32	a
33	b
34	b
35	С
36	b
37	b
38	b
39	b
40	a
41	drives
42	is sleeping
43	does
44	is
45	do not/ don't
46	Т
47	F
48	Т
49	Т
50	Т

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество
	баллов
Оценка «5»	46 – 50
Оценка «4»	38 – 45
Оценка «З»	26 – 37
Оценка «2»	0-25

......

Контрольное тестирование для 8 класса по английскому языку

Тест на начало года

1. Have you ever visited other countries? - Yes, I... to Italy and France.

a) was c) had been b) have been d) would be

2. I feel really tired. We ... to the party last night and have just returned home.

a) wentb) has gonec) had seend) was going

3. At the beginning of the film I realized that I ... it before.

a) see c) had seen b) saw d) have seen

4. When the bus stopped in the small square, Helen ... her magazine and didn't realized at first that she had arrived at her destination.

a) read c) was reading

b) reads	d) had read
5. My sister's son ir	n tomorrow's race, because he is too young. They do not allow riders under
sixteen.	
a) won't ride	c) wouldn't ride
b) shan't ride	d) doesn't ride
6. A beautiful bridge	. in our city. It will be finished next year.
a) builds	c) is being built
b) is built	d) has been built
7. It has been raining	for two hours. I hope it raining soon.
a) stops	c) would stop
b) shall stop	d) stop
8. Television has man	y advantages. It keeps us informed about the latest news, and also
entertainment at hom	
a) provide	c) is provided
b) provides	d) provided
9. On the other hand t	elevision for the violent behaviour of some young people, and for encouraging
	, instead of doing sports.
a) blames	c) is blamed
b) blamed	d) would blame
10. Some millionaires	have lots of money and what to do with it.
a) don't know	c) won't know
b) didn't	d) knows
11. How at college?	You didn't say much about it in your last letter.
a) do you get on	c) will you get on
b) are you get on	d) are you getting on
12. When you in thi	s city again? - In a month.
a) arrive	c) have you arrived
b) arrived	d) will you arrive
13. Every time that I m	niss the bus, it means that I walk to work.
a) has to	c) had to
b) have to	d) could
14. Every time when I	missed the bus, I to return home late.
a) must	c) can
b) had	d) may
15. That was great! It	was meal you have ever cooked.
a) good	c) best
b) better	d) the best
16. This exhibition is .	interesting than the previous one.
a) little	c) least
b) less	d) the least
_	m last night. The film was about the love of a girl to her cat and dog.
•	c) -
· ·	d) an
	that happiness is very important in the life of people.
•	c) a
b) the	d) many
	lived in harmony with the environment.
•	c) the
b) an	d) -
· ·	I the station, they rushed to the platform not to miss the train.
•	c)in
b) at	d) for

<u>Ключи</u>

1) b; 2) a; 3) c; 4) c; 5) a; 6) c; 7) a; 8) b; 9) c; 10) a; 11) d; 12) d; 13) b; 14) b; 15) d; 16) b; 17) a; 18) a; 19) d; 20) b.

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	18 – 20
Оценка «4»	15 – 17
Оценка «3»	10 – 14
Оценка «2»	0-9

Контрольное тестирование для 8 класса по английскому языку

Тест на конец года

	1)	Put "the" where necessary.
	1.	They visited a village in Alps.
	2.	Have you seen Mount Fuji?
	3.	She went to United Kingdom to study English.
	4.	Australia is really an enormous place.
	5.	We went to Republic of Ireland and stayed in Dublin.
	6.	I often go on holiday to Canary Islands.
	7.	Greece gets very hot in the summer.
	2)	Choose the correct answer.
1.	I ha	aven`tTV since Sunday.
	A.	watch B. watched C. watching
2.	She	e has been table tennis since childhood.
	A.	playing B. played C. play
3.	Bet	h and Jeffrey last week.
	A.	meet B. meted C. met
4.	Wh	nen I came home, my mother cooking dinner.
	A.	is B. were C. was
5.	We	done our homework by three o`clock yesterday.
	A.	have B. had C. did
6.	Hav	ve you visited the United States? – No, I have never visited it.
	A.	ever B. yet C. already
7.	1_	the room while my cousin was listening to music

3) Choose the correct sentence.

- 1. A. If I have a lot of money, I would often travel.
- B. If I had a lot of money, I would often travel.
- C. If I had a lot of money, I would often travelled.
 - 2. A. If my sister prepared for a test well yesterday, she would have got a better mark.
- B. If my sister had prepared for a test well yesterday, she would get a better mark.
- C. If my sister had prepared for a test better, she would have got a better mark.

3. Match the sentence parts:

1. If I were rich,	a. if he had trained better.	
2. I would be happy	b. she would join the party.	
3. If we had left home earlier,	c. I would buy a sports car.	
4. Howard would have won	d. we wouldn't have missed the train.	
5. If Susan weren't ill,	e. if you come and see me.	

4) Match the words and their definitions.

1.the Solar System	a. a person, who hurts or frightens weaker people		
2. drought	b. United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization		
3. to destroy	c. a book to explain how to do something or how to use something		
4. the environment	d. the ship on which the Pilgrims left England to go to America		
5. Ottawa	e. a programme which gives facts and information about a particular subject		
6. a power station	f. the Sun together with the planets going around it		
7. a tabloid	g. to damage something so much that it cannot be repaired		
8. UNESCO	h. a long period of dry weather when there is not enough water		
9. a documentary	i. the capital of Canada		
10. a manual	j. a large building in which electricity is made		
11. a bully	k. a newspaper with rather small pages, many pictures and little serious news		
12. the Mayflower	I. natural conditions, such as air, water, land, in which people, animals and plants live		

5) Read the text and complete the sentences choosing A, B or C. Mass Media

The mass media play an important part in our lives. Newspapers, radio and especially TV inform us of what is going on in this world and give us wonderful possibilities for education and entertainment. They also influence the way we see the world and shape our views.

Of course, not all newspapers and TV programmes report the events objectively, but serious journalists and TV reporters try to be fair and provide us with reliable information.

It is true that the world today is full of dramatic events and most news seems to be bad news. But people aren't interested in ordinary events. That is why there are so many programmes and articles about natural disasters, plane crashes, wars, murders and robberies. Good news doesn't usually make headlines. Bad news does.

Some people say that journalists are given too much freedom. They often intrude on people's private lives. They follow celebrities and print sensational stories about them which are untrue or half-true. They take photos of them in their most intimate moments. The question is - should this be allowed?

The main source of news for millions of people is television. People like TV news because they can see everything with their own eyes. And that's an important advantage. Seeing, as we know, is believing. Besides, it's much more difficult for politicians to lie in front of the cameras than on the pages of newspapers.

Still, many people prefer the radio. It's good to listen to in the car, or in the open air, or when you do something about the house.

Newspapers don't react to events as quickly as TV, but they usually provide us with extra detail, comment and background information.

The Internet has recently become another important source of information. Its main advantage is that news appears on the screen as soon as things happen in real life and you don't have to wait for news time on TV.

- 1) The term the mass media in English refers basically to.......
- ${f A}$) TV and radio .
- **B**) the newspapers, magazines, television, video and radio.
- **C**) the newspaper, television and radio.
- 2) If a person wants.....he reads newspapers and watches TV programmes.
- **A)** to have an interview with somebody
- **B**) to overcome fear
- **C**) to be well-informed
- 3) Good and serious journalists and reporters provide people with.....
- **A)** reliable information
- **B**) gossips
- **C**) advertisements
- 4) People are interested in......
- **A)** ordinary events that happen every day
- **B)** current events, different reports and interviews and natural disasters.
- **C)** VIP's private lives.

5) How do paparazzi earn their living?

- A) They ask celebrities a lot of questions and then make a film about them.
- B) They follow celebrities, write sensational stories about them and take photos of them in their most intimate moments.
- C) They meet very important people and ask them to take part in their performances.
 - 6) The main source of news for millions of people is......
- A) television B) magazines C) video
 - 7) People like watching TV news more than listening news on the radio because.....
- A) TV programmes report the events more objectively than radio programmes
- B) Seeing is believing
- C) most radio news is bad news
 - 8) 'The news media' tell us......
- A) what's happening in the world
- B) about mysterious stories which are untrue or half-true.
- C) only about wars, murders and robberies, and crashes.
 - 9) The main advantage of the Internet is.....
- A) that the news appears on the screen as soon as things happen in real life
- B) that you have to have a computer at home
- C) that multimedia web pages with photographs, music and video are very attractive

<u>Ключи</u>

- 1) 1. The 2. 3. The 4. 5. The; 6. The 7. –
- 2) 1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. B 6. A 7. C
- 3) 1. B 2. C 3. 1-c, 2-e, 3-d, 4-a, 5-b.
- 4) 1-f, 2-h, 3-g, 4-e, 5-i, 6-j, 7-k, 8-b, 9-e, 10-c, 11-a, 12-d.
- 5) 1.B 2.C 3.A 4.B 5.B 6.A 7.B 8.A 9.A

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество
	баллов
Оценка «5»	35 – 40
Оценка «4»	28 – 34
Оценка «3»	20 – 27
Оценка «2»	0 – 19

Контрольное тестирование для 9 класса по английскому языку

Тест на начало года

Grammar

- 1. Lisa ... got somewhere to stay while she is in Oxford.
- a) have b) has c) had d) having
- 2. A: What ... in your spare time?
- B: I often go to the cinema.
- a) do you do b) are you doing c) have you done d) are you do
- 3. I haven't visited John ... last year.
- a) since b) by c) until d) for
- 4. I go swimming once or ... a week.
- a) two b) two time c) twice d) two times
- 5. A: I don't like cooking.
- B: ...
- a) Neither I do b) So do I c) Nor do I d) Either do I
- 6. Listen! That boy ... the saxophone.
- a) plays b) played c) is playing d) will play
- 7. If ... John tomorrow, I'll give him a letter.
- a) I'll see b) I see c) I saw d) I won't see
- 8. ... you understand what I'm saying?
- a) Can b) Should c) May d) Must
- 9. George ... swimming yesterday.
- a) go b) has gone c) is going d) went
- 10. A: Hello. My name is Lisa.
- B: ... to meet you.
- a) Exciting b) Delicious c) Nice d) Beautiful
- 11. I haven't seen Clare ... many years.
- a) since b) for c) before d) after
- 12. A: Have you ever been to Germany?
- В: ..
- a) No, I haven't b) No, I did c) No, I have d) No, I don't

Reading

I. Look at the signs. Someone asks you what they mean. Mark the letter next to the correct explanation – A, B, C or D.

- 1. No bicycles against glass please
- **A.** Do not leave your bike touching the window.
- **B.** Do not ride your bicycle in this area.
- **C.** Broken glass may damage your bicycle tyres.
- **D.** Your bike may not be safe here.
- 2. Press bell

As soon as you hear a ringing sound, push hard to open the door.

- **A**. If you press the bell hard, the door will open.
- **B.** To open the door, push it at the same time as pressing the bell
- **C.** To open the door, you must push hard when you hear the ringing sound.
- **D.** The door will open if you push hard after the ringing sound.
- 3. Cyclists!

Reduce speed now – you are approaching a steep hill around the next bend.

- **A.** You should go more slowly before the bend.
- **B.** The hill is too steep to cycle down.
- **C.** Get off your bike as you approach the hill.
- **D.** Use your brakes after you reach the bend.
- II. The people below want to choose a TV programme to watch. There are descriptions of the programmes. Decide which TV programme would be the most suitable for each person. For each number mark the correct letter.

- 1. Hugo wants to relax by watching a film. He enjoys stories about travelling through time and likes to imagine what life will be like for humans in future centuries.
- 2. Denise likes travelling and meeting different people. She has a lot of fun watching programmes about people's experiences as they go on train journeys across the world.

A. New World

This is a TV film which begins a new science-fiction series. It has wonderful special effects and the actors are excellent. Together they travel to the twenty-third century. The action takes place in underground cities where the climate is controlled by computers and some of the inhabitants are planning a terrible crime

B. There and Back Again

Paul Theroux's story of his journey from London to Japan and back makes great material for this programme. Watch the progress of his journey on the railways of Europe and Asia, and meet the inhabitants of East and West. His description of the life in different places shows a surprising mixture of events end personalities.

<u>Ключи</u>

Grammar: 1. b; 2. a; 3. a; 4. c; 5. c; 6. c; 7. b; 8. a; 9. d; 10. c; 11. b; 12. a

Reading: I. 1. A; 2. C; 3. A; II. 1. A; 2. B

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество баллов
Оценка «5»	15-17
Оценка «4»	12-14
Оценка «3»	8-11
Оценка «2»	0-7

Контрольное тестирование для 9 класса по английскому языку

Тест на конец года

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (p203) To the west of the continent of Europe lie two large islands. The larger of them is called Great Britain, and the smaller, Ireland. These two and 5,500 smaller islands form the British Isles. The island of Great Britain consists of England, Scotland and Wales. The isle of Ireland is divided into Northern Ireland and the Irish Republic. England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland form the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. The UK (the United Kingdom) is the official name of the country, occasionally referred to as Great Britain, which is, strictly speaking, only a geographic name.

Great Britain is washed by the Atlantic Ocean and the Irish Sea from the west, by the North Sea from the north and west. It is separated from the European continent by the English Channel. The narrowest part of the English Channel is called the Strait of Dover. The UK is not a very large country. Its territory is about 244,000 square kilometers, and no point of the country is more than 120 kilometers away from the sea.

At the same time, the population of the UK is the third largest in Europe, comprising about 60 million people. It is incorrect to call everybody who lives in the United Kingdom "English", as this is the name only for those who live in England. The residents of Wales are named Welsh, while the people of Scotland are called Scottish. The correct common name for English, Scottish and Welsh is British. Those who live in Northern Ireland are called Irish.

The climate of the British Isles is generally mild; it is seldom cold in winter and never too hot in summer. This is due to the warm current of the Atlantic Ocean, Gulf Stream. Britain was always known as the country of fogs, but now it is not quite so because of the climatic changes: there is maybe less fog than in any other European country.

There are no high mountains and long rivers in the UK. The highest mountain is Ben Nevis in the Highlands of Scotland, and the longest rivers are the Severn and the Thames.

Geographically, the UK has a very convenient position, being located on the crossroads from Europe to America. This is one of the reasons why Britain was (and is up to the present time) one of the leading world powers. The capital of the country is London. It is situated on the river Thames.

Britain has an ancient and glorious history. It used to be the great empire "where the sun never sets". It gave the world many famous scientists, writers, political leaders and explorers, such as Newton, Darwin, Drake, Shakespeare, Churchill and others.

For centuries monarchs ruled Britain. The constitutional monarchy is still preserved in the country, though it is practically no more than a tradition and a tribute to the past. Queen Elisabeth II is Head of State. Her power is limited by the parliament, which is elected every four years. The leader of the party that has won the majority during the elections becomes the Prime Minister. In fact, he becomes the head of state and forms the Cabinet. The second largest party forms the official Opposition.

1. Find in the text the English equivalents of the following word combination.

- а) Иногда называемая
- b) Строго говоря
- с) Омывается
- d) Отделена
- е) Третье по величине
- f) Называются
- g) Никогда не бывает слишком жарко
- h) Меньше туманов
- і) Удобное местоположение
- ј) Древняя и славная
- k) Раньше была
- I) Вторая по величине

2. Answer the following questions:

- a) What are the names of the islands situated to the west of the continent of Europe?
- b) What parts does the island of Great Britain consist of?
- c) How many parts is Ireland divided into?
- d) What is the official name of Great Britain?
- e) Name the seas and oceans the country is washed by.
- f) How large is the territory of the UK?
- g) How are the people living in the UK called?
- h) Why is the climate of the British Isles moderate?

- i) What is the highest mountain in the UK?
- j) What are the longest and most important rivers in the UK?
- k) What is the capital of the country?
- I) Prove that the UK has a very convenient position.
- m) Give the names of famous people of Great Britain.
- n) What type of state is the UK?
- o) Who rules the country in fact?
- p) How often do the elections take place?

3. Say what these figures refer to in the text.

a) 5500 b) 244000 c) 120 d) 60 000 000

4. Open the brackets and use the adjective on the corresponding degree of comparison.

- a) The (large) island is known as Great Britain, the (small) is Ireland.
- b) The (high) mountain in Scotland is Ben Nevis.
- c) The (long) river in Great Britain is the Severn, the Thames is (important)
- d) The arctic zone has (cold) climate.
- e) The (narrow) part of the English channel is called the strait of Dover.
- f) Among the Russian lakes (deep) is the Baikal.

5. Make up sentences about Russia and Great Britain using the verbs in the appropriate form.

Great Britain To occupy Many forests Russia To consist of Mild climate To border on Seas and oceans To be washed by A vast territory To be covered with Four main parts To have Different countries To be surrounded by Four climatic zones

6. Make up sentences according to the model using the words given below.

Model: English live in England. They speak English.

Welsh American
Scottish Mexican
Irish German
Portuguese French
Italian Russian

Ключи

1

- а) Иногда называемая occasionally referred to
- b) Строго говоря— strictly speaking
- c) Омывается— is washed by
- d) Отделена— is separated from
- e) Третье по величине— the third largest
- f) Называются– are named
- g) Никогда не бывает слишком жарко- and it is never too hot
- h) Меньше туманов, чем– less fog than
- i) Удобное местоположение— a very convenient position

- j) Древняя и славная ancient and glorious
- k) Раньше была- It used to be
- I) Вторая по величине– The second largest

2

a) What are the names of the islands situated to the west of the continent of Europe?

The larger island is called Great Britain, the smaller – Ireland. They form the British Isles with 5.500 smaller islands.

b) What parts does the island of Great Britain consist of?

The island of Great Britain consists of England, Scotland and Wales.

c) How many parts is Ireland divided into?

It is divided into two parts.

d) What is the official name of Great Britain?

The United Kingdom (UK).

e) Name the seas and oceans the country is washed by.

The country is washed by the Atlantic Ocean, the Irish Sea and the North Sea.

f) How large is the territory of the UK?

Its territory is about two hundred and forty-four thousand square kilometers

g) How are the people living in the UK called?

They are called British, Welsh, Scottish or Irish.

h) Why is the climate of the British Isles moderate?

This is due to the Gulf Stream.

i) What is the highest mountain in the UK?

Ben Nevis.

j) What are the longest and most important rivers in the UK?

The Severn and the Thames.

k) What is the capital of the country?

The capital of country is London.

I) Prove that the UK has a very convenient position.

It is located on the crossroads from Europe to America.

m) Give the names of famous people of Great Britain.

Newton, Darwin, Shakespeare, Dickens.

n) What type of state is the UK?

It is the constitutional monarchy.

o) Who rules the country in fact?

The Prime Minister

p) How often do the elections take place?

Every four years

- **3** Say what these figures refer to in the text.
- a) 5500- smaller islands
- b)244000 square kilometers –territory
- c) 120 kilometers to the sea
- d) 60 000 000 people- population
- **4** Open the brackets and use the adjective on the corresponding degree of comparison.
- a) larger, smaller
- b) highest
- c) longest, the most important

- d) the coldest
- e) narrowest
- f) the deepest
- 5 Make up sentences about Russia and Great Britain using the verbs in the appropriate form.
- 1. Great Britain consists of four main parts.
- 2. Russia occupies a vast territory.
- 3. Russia borders on different countries.
- 4. Russia is washed by seas and oceans.
- 5. Russia is covered with many forests.
- 6. Great Britain has mild climate.
- 7. Russia has four climatic zones.
- 8. Great Britain is surrounded by seas and oceans.
- **6** Make up sentences according to the model using the words given below.
- 1. The Welsh live in Wales. They speak Welsh.
- 2. The Scottish live in Scotland. They speak Scottish.
- 3. The Irish live in Ireland. They speak Irish.
- 4. The Portuguese live in Portugal. They speak Portuguese.
- 5. The Italian live in Italia. They speak Italian.
- 6. The Americans live in America. They speak English.
- 7. The Mexican live in Mexico. They speak Mexican.
- 8. The German live in Germany. They speak German.
- 9. The French live in France. They speak French.
- 10. The Russians live in Russia. They speak Russian.

Шкала оценивания	Общее количество
	баллов
Оценка «5»	55 – 60
Оценка «4»	45 – 54
Оценка «3»	30 – 44
Оценка «2»	0-29