

## Your Expert in Parts

# Things to be aware of when servicing / repairing A/C systems

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#### Compressor:

Is the heart of the A/C. Secures the pressure needed and circulation of gas and liquids in the system.

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Important:

- After compressor breakdown you need to flush the system to rinse for shavings and fragments which have settled in the system
- Most errors in A/C are NOT compressor failures ٠
- Other causes can be in the pulley, clutch hub or • clutch coil
- Always check the oil stand. Too little oil will • damage the compressor

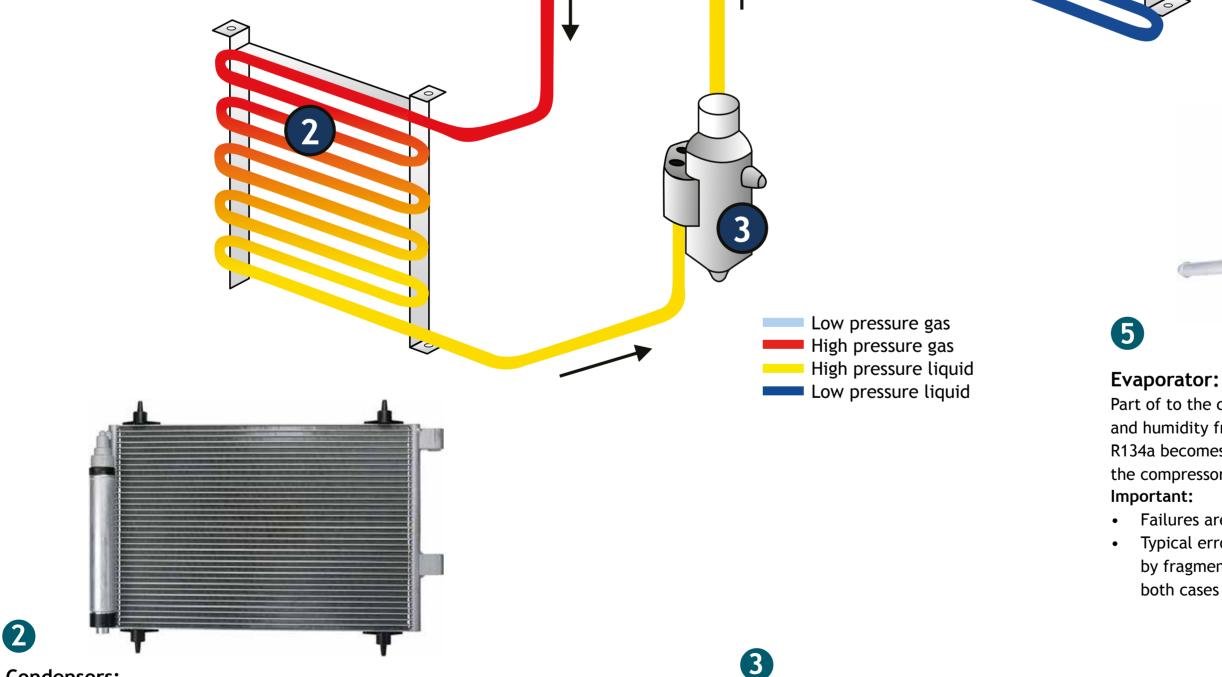


#### Expansion valve:

Creates the drop of pressure in R134a liquid = temperature falls. Controls the flow of cold R134a to the evaporator Important:

- Most common failures are fragments and contaminants preventing the valve from functioning properly.
- Demands exchange especially after compressor break down.





### **Condensors:**

Cools down the R134a gas coming from the compressor Important:

- To be tested after repairs to see if cooling function is OK •
- Corrosion by water and salt is the most frequent reason for leaks ٠
- Can also be blocked by leaves preventing sufficient circulation of air •
- Leaks are the most common failure in the condenser.
- After compressor break down: always replace condenser as most are so narrow that fragments etc. get stuck when flushing the system = continued failure.

#### Dryer:

Separates gas and liquids and secures clean R134a liquid into the expansion valves. Absorbs humidity and contaminants

Important:

• Dryers are ALWAYS to be shifted when the system has been opened - also important according to complaints/warranty



Part of to the cabin heater and eliminates heat and humidity from the cabin. The reheated R134a becomes a gas again and is returned to the compressor

- Important:
- Failures are seldom.
- Typical errors are leaks or can be blocked by fragments and contaminants which in both cases demands exchange.

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