# PC Analyzer

User's Guide

# Improvement Note

As the 2 - bit code cards diagnose the mainboard by BIOS (refer to the "SYNOPSIS" in chapter 1), the code should not been displayed in such following cases;

- 1. The card is inserted on the mainboard without CPU, or CPU is not running.
- 2. During the RST LED is lighting (the tested mainboard is reseting);

In any cases above, the caed and LED doesn't light or light only 1 bit; rule out the "original code". If the code is not displayed beside cases above, the card is not compatible with mainboard which is being tested. You just need a more advanced post card like P10050.

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#### 1. SYNOPSIS

The card is named POST (Power On Self Test) card too. It could display the error code by the result of POST. then you would soon delermine the error in error code table. Especially when the PC can't boot operating system, or blank screen. or the card and motherboard couldn't issue an audible beep. It is a powerful diagnostic tool. Now just use it. you'll get twice the result with half the effort.

When the power is turned on. The BIOS would have a strict test with system circuit memorizer keyboard video hard disc and floppy drive, then analyze the system configuration. Initialize the basic I/O setup that already

configured. Next. Boot the operating system.

By the trait of the card, you can determine the error easily like this. During the test of pivotal parts. If the error occurs. It will halt the work and nothing appears on the screen. If the pivotal part is ok, you can have a test of the parts that unimportant, this may not halt the work even if any error occurs. And the system reports an error message at the same time. Now when the computer goes wrong. Especially the fateful error. As there is nothing appears on the screen, you can insert the card into the expansion slot. Refer to the error code table and the trouble is clear.

# 2. OBLIGATORY CONTENT

① The error code table is in the order of the code value that from small to big. The sequence that the code displays is decided by BIOS of the motherboard.

Code haven't be defined is not included in the table.

Tor the different BIOS (such as AMI, Award Phoenix), a Code has different meanings. So make sure that which kind Kind of BIOS you are testing. Or view the user's guide, or See it on the BIOS IC on the motherhoard.

There is only some code displayed when you insert the card into the PCI slot on a few motherboards, but when it plugged into the ISA slot, all the code could be displayed. At present, it has be discovered that the code is displayed when you insert the card into the PCI slot of several computers which has registered trade mark, but not ISA. So you'd better try it on the other slot if the code is not displayed. In addition, on the different PCI slots and goes from "00" to "FF" when you insert the code is displayed and goes from "00" to "FF" when you insert the card into the PCI slot, which is near to the CPU on motherboard DELL810, but if in the other slot, the code would stopped at the port "38"

⑤ The time that reser message output needed is not always in - phase, so sometimes the code is displayed when the card in the ISA, but it is

stopped at the orgination code when in the PCI.

® As there are more and more kinds motherboard, and the code of BIOS POST is updated ceaselessly, so the meanings of error codes is just for reference. Taccording to experience: 2-bits code card is available in testing mainboard below Pii300. but not avilable in maiboard above Pii300, so it 's s better to buy 4 - bits Pi0050 card, furthermore, we haven't received any ill response from our buyer.

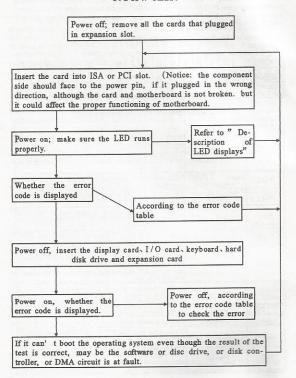
# 3. Hexadecimal character table

| Decimalist            |   |     | 03  |    |   |       |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |
|-----------------------|---|-----|-----|----|---|-------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|
| Hexadecimal           | 0 | 0.0 | 120 | 60 | 4 | 16.91 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | 903 | C | D | 1 | F |
| The POST card display | G |     | 2   |    |   |       |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |

# 4. Description of LED displays

| LED           | Туре                        | Description   |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---|
| RUN           | Bus pulse                   | If the LED lights, the main board has worked, no matter if the code changes.  |
| CLK Bus clock |                             | Lights when the power is applied to the empty<br>board (even without CPU), or else there is<br>no message.  |
| BIOS          | Basic input/<br>output read | LED that turn on and off when the board is powered on, as CPU is reading to BIOS.   |
| IRDY          | Manager is ready            | LED that turn on and off when there is a message.   |
| osc           | osciliation                 | Lights when the board is powered on, or else the crystal oscillation circuit is broken, and has no OSC message.   |
| FRAME         | Frame periods               | Lights all the time. Turn on and off only when there is a circular frame message.   |
| RST           | Reset                       | Lights only for half-second when you slide the power switch or the reset switch. If it is lit all the time, check the following: make sure that the reset pin is plugged properly, or the reset circuit is boken. |
| 12V           | Power                       | Lights once the board is powered on, if it is not lit, that means the short circuit occurs on motherboard, or voltage can't up to 12V.  |
| -12V          | Power                       | The same as " 12V"  |
| 5V            | Power                       | The same as " 12V"  |
| - 5V          | Power                       | The same as " 12V" ( - 5V is output only in ISA slot.)  |
| 3V3           | Power                       | Lights once the board is powered on, only in<br>PCI slot there will be 3V3 output. As some<br>motherboard's voltage can't up to 3V. It could<br>not light.  |

# 5. Flow chart



# 6. Error code table

| Code | Award  | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000  |
|------|--|--|---|
| 00   | The second of th | Code copying to specific areas is done. Passing control to INT 19h boot loader next. | settential in   |
| 01   | Processor Test 1, Processor status (1FLAGS) verification. Test the following processor status flags: carry, zero, sign, overflow.  |  | CPU is testing the register inside or failed, please change the CPU and check it. |
|      | The BIOS sets each flag, verifies they are set, then turns each flag off and verifies it is off.   | 1286 Clark   |   |
| 02   | Test All CPU Registers<br>Except SS, SP, and BP<br>with Data FF and 00   |  | Verify Rea<br>Mode  |
|      | Disable NMI, PIE, AIE, UEI, SQWV.  | Disable NMI, PIE, AIE,<br>UEI, SQThe NM! is dis-                                     | Disable<br>Non – Mask-  |
|      | Disable video, parity checking, DMA.   | abled. Next, checking for<br>a soft reset or a power on<br>condition                 | able Interrup   |
|      | Reset math coprocessor.  |  |   |
|      | Clear all page registers, CMOS shutdown byte.  |  |   |
| 03   | Initialize timer 0, 1,<br>and 2, including set<br>EISA timer to a known<br>state.  | E SAN<br>CONTRACTOR  |   |
|      | Initialize DMA controllers 0 and 1.  |  |   |
|      | Initialize interrupt controllers 0 and 1.  |  |   |
|      | Initialize EISA extended registers.  | Steeling   | 1 (0 (18) 3523<br>1 (1 (18) 3523  |
| 04   | RAM must be periodically refreshed to keep the memory from decaying. This refresh function is working properly.  | estinical  | Get CPU type  |

| Code | Award   | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                                      |
|------|---|--|---|
| 05   | Keyboard Controller initialization  | The BIOS stack has been buitt. Next, disabling cache memory.   | DMA Initial-<br>ization in<br>progress or<br>failure          |
| 06   | Reserved  | Uncompressing the POST code next.  | Initialized sys-<br>tem hardware                              |
| 07   | Verifies CMOS is Work-<br>ing Correctly, Detects<br>Bad Battery   | Next, initializing the CPU and the CPU data area   | Disable shad-<br>ow and exe-<br>cute code<br>from the<br>ROM. |
|      | Early chip set initializa-<br>tion  | The CMOS checksum calculation is   | Initialize<br>chipset with                                    |
|      | Memory presence test  |  | initial POST values   |
| 80   | OEM chip set routines   |  | - Tp. 15  |
|      | Clear low 64K memory  | July 1991  |   |
|      | Tesk first 64K memory   |  |   |
|      | Cyrix CPU Initialization  | The second second  | Set IN POST   |
| 09   | Cache Initialization  |  | flag  |
| 0A   | Initialize first 120 inter-<br>rupt vectors with SPU-<br>RIOUS - INT - HDLR<br>and initialize INT 00h -<br>1Fh according to INT -<br>TBL. | The CMOS checksum calculation is done. Lnitializing the CMOS status register for date and time next.                             | Initialize CPL registers                                      |
| 0В   | Test CMOS RAM<br>Checksum. If Bad, or<br>INS Key Pressed, Load<br>Defaults  | The CMOS status register is Initialized. Next. Performing any requirect initialization before the keyboard BAT command is issued | Enable CPU<br>cache   |
| oc   | Detect Type of Key-<br>board Controller and   | The keyboard controller input butter is free Next, issuing the BAT command   | Initialize<br>caches to ini-<br>tial POST val-                |
|      | Set NUM LOCK Status   | to the keyboard con-<br>troller.   | ues   |
|      | Detect CPU Clock,   |  |   |
| 0D   | Read CMOS location<br>14h to find out type of<br>video in use.  |  |   |
|      | Detect and initialize video adapter.  |  |   |

| Code | Award   | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000   |  |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| 0E   | Test Video Memory, write sign - on message to screen.                               | The keyboard controller<br>BAT command result has<br>been verified. Next, per-<br>forming any necessary  | Initialize 1 / C<br>component  |  |
| 0E   | Setup shadow RAM ?<br>Enable shadew according to setup.                             | Initialization after the key-<br>boaed controller BAT<br>command test  | STATE OF STA |  |
|      | Test DMA Cont. 0;<br>BIOS Checksum Test   | The initialization after the keyboard controller BAT   | Initialize the   |  |
| 0F   | Keyboard Detect and Initialization.   | command test is done.<br>The keyboard command<br>byte is written next.   |  |  |
| 10   | Test DMA Controller 1   | Test DMA The keyboard<br>controller command byte<br>is written. Next, issuing<br>the Pin 23 and 24 Block-<br>ing and unblocking com-<br>mand   | Initialize Pow<br>er Manage<br>ment  |  |
| 11   | Test DMA Page Registers   | Next, checking if <end> or <ins> keys were pressed during power on. Initializing CMOS RAM if the Initialize CMOS RAM in overy boot AMIBIOS POST option was set in AMIBOP or the <end> key was pressed.</end></ins></end> | Load alternate<br>registers with<br>initial POST<br>values   |  |
| 12   | Reserved  | Next, disabling DMA con-<br>trollers 1 and 2 and inter-<br>rupt controllers 1 and 2  | Restore CPU<br>control word<br>during warm<br>boot   |  |
| 13   | Reserved  | The video display has<br>been disabled. Port B has<br>been initialized. Next,<br>initializing the chipset  | Initialize PCI<br>Bus Mastering<br>devices   |  |
| 14   | Test 8254 Timer 0<br>Counter2   | The 8254 timer test will begin next.   | Initialize key-<br>board con-<br>troller   |  |
| 15   | Verify 8259 Channel 1<br>Interrupts by Turning Off<br>and On the interrupt<br>Lines |  | Service 1  |  |
| 16   | Verify 8259 Channel 2<br>Interrupts by Turning Off<br>and On the Interrupt<br>Lines |  | BIOS ROM<br>checksum   |  |

| Code | Award  | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000   |
|------|--|--|--|
| 17   | Turn Off Interrupts Then<br>Verify No Interrupt Mask<br>Register is On                 |  | Initialize<br>cache before<br>memory Auto<br>size  |
| 18   | Force an Interrupt and<br>Verify the Interrupt Oc-<br>curred                           | (2000)<br>(2000) (2000)  | 8254 timer initialization  |
| 19   | Test Stuck NMI Bits;<br>Verify NMI Can Be<br>Cleared                                   | CONTROL SECTION  | The 8254<br>timer test is<br>over. Starting<br>the memory<br>refresh test<br>next  |
| 1A   | Display CPU clock  | The memory refresh line is toggling. Checking the 15 second on/off time next | 8237 DMA<br>controller ini-<br>tialization   |
| 1B   | reserved   |  |  |
| 1C   | Reserved   |  | Reset Pro-<br>grammable<br>Interrupt Con-<br>troller   |
| 1D   | Reserved   |  |  |
| 1E   | Reserved   |  |  |
|      | If EISA non - volatile<br>memory checksum is<br>good, execute EISA ini-<br>tialization |  |  |
|      | If not, execute ISA tests an clear.  | mail as as screen able to<br>screen and                                      |  |
| 1F   | EISA mode flag   | A STATE OF THE PARTY.  |  |
|      | Test EISA configuration memory   |  | enet   |
|      | Integrity (checksum & communication inter-   | The subset of  | TO THE STATE OF TH |
| 20   | Initialize Slot O (System Board)   | Sto Destutivo ed   | Test DRAM refresh  |
| 21   | Initialize Slot 1  |  |  |

| Code | Award   | AMI   | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000   |
|------|---|---|--|
| 22   | Initialize Slot 2   | one selle Miller My<br>South B  | Test 8742<br>Keyboard Con-<br>Trolier  |
| 23   | Initialize Slot 3   | Reading the 8042 input port<br>and disabiling the MEGAKEY<br>Green PC feature next.<br>Making the BIOS code seg-<br>ment writable and performing<br>any necessary configuration<br>before initializing the interrupt<br>vectors |  |
| 24   | Initialize Slot 4   | The configuration required before interrupt vector initialization has completed. Interrupt vector initialization is about to begin  | Set ES seg-<br>ment register to<br>4 GB  |
| 25   | Initialize Slot 5   | Interrupt vector initialization is done. Clearing the password if the POST DIAG awitch is on.   |  |
| 26   | 1. test the exceptional situation of protected mode, check the memory of cpu and main-board. 2. no fateful trouble, VGA displayed normally if non-fateful trouble occurred, then display error message in VGA otherwise boot operating system, and code 26° is OK code, no any other codes to display | 1. read/write input. output port of 8042 keyboard; ready for revolve mode, continue to get ready for initialization of all data, check the 8042 chips on mainboard.  2. refere to the left.                                     | 1. enable A20 adress line, check the A20 pins of memory controlling chips, and check circuit, correlated to pins in memory slot, may be A20 pin and memory pins are not in contact, or memory A20 pins bad. 2. refere to the |
| 27   | Initialize Slot 7   | Any initialization before set-<br>ting video mode will be done<br>next  |  |
| 28   | Initialize Slot 8   | Initialization before setting<br>the video mode is complete.<br>Configuring the monochrome<br>mode and color mode set-<br>tings next  | Auto size<br>DRAM  |

| Code | Award  | AMI   | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000  |
|------|--|---|---|
| 29   | Initialize Slot 9  |   | Initialize POST<br>Memory Man-<br>ager                                |
| 2A   | Initialize Slot 10   | Initializing the different bus<br>system, static, and output<br>devices, if present   | Clear 512 KB<br>base RAM  |
| 2В   | Initialize Slot 11   | Passing control to the video<br>ROM to perform any required<br>configuration before the<br>video ROM test.  |   |
| 2C   | Initialize Slot 12   | All necessary processing be-<br>fore passing control to the<br>video ROM is done. Looking<br>for the video ROM next and<br>passing control to it. | RAM failure on<br>address line<br>xxxx *                              |
| 2D   | Initialize Slot 13   | The video ROM has returned control to BIOS POST Performing any required processing after the video ROM had control                                |   |
| 2E   | Initialize Slot 14   | Completed pest - video ROM test processing. If the EGA/VGA controller is not found, performing the display mereory Read/write test next           | RAM failure on<br>data bits<br>Xxxx * of low<br>byte of memory<br>bus |
| 2F   | Initialize Slot 15   | The EGA/VGA controller was not found. The display memory reed/write test is about to begin  |   |
| 30   | Size Base Memory<br>From 256K to 640K<br>and Extended<br>Memory Above<br>1MB | The display memory read/<br>write test passed. Look for<br>retrace checking next  | Childre Farv<br>In constplicts<br>place diver                         |
| 31   | Test Base Memory<br>From 256K to 640K<br>and Extended<br>Memory Above<br>1MB | The display memory read/<br>write test or retrace checking<br>failed. Performing the alter-<br>nate display memory read/<br>write test next       | mut sebus<br>or extellent to<br>ence second                           |
| 32   | If EISA Mode, Test<br>EISA Memory<br>Found in Slots Ini-<br>tialization      | The alternate display memo-<br>ry read/write test passed.<br>Looking for alternate display<br>retrace checking next.                              | Test CPU<br>Bus - clock fre-<br>quency                                |
| 33   | Reserved   |   | Initialize<br>Phoen'x Dis-<br>patch manager                           |

| Code | Award  | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                           |
|------|--|--|--|
| 34   | Reserved   | Video display checking is over. Setting the display mode next.   | Making and A                                       |
| 35   | Reserved   | Late of the second   |  |
| 36   | Reserved   |  | Warm start and<br>shut down                        |
| 37.  | Reserved   | The display mode is set.<br>Displaying the power on<br>message next  |  |
| 38   | Reserved   | Initializing the bus input, IPL, general devices next, if present  | Shadow system<br>BIOS ROM                          |
| 39   | Reserved   | Displaying bus initialization error messages.  |  |
| 3A   | Reserved   | The new cursor position has<br>been read and saved. Dis-<br>playing the Hit <del> mes-<br/>sage next</del>   | Auto size cache                                    |
| 3В   | Reserved   | The Hit <del> message is displayed. The protected mode memory test is about to start.</del>  |  |
| 3C   | Setup Enabled  | THE STATE OF THE S | Advanced con-<br>figuration o<br>chipset registers |
| 3D   | Detect if Mouse is<br>Present, Initialize<br>Mouse, Install Inter-<br>rupt Vectors |  | Load alternate<br>registers with<br>CMOS values    |
| 3E   | Initialize Cache Con-<br>troller   |  |  |
| 3F   | Reserved   | Gesta most team State  |  |
| 40   | Display Virus Protest<br>Disable or Enable   | Preparing the descriptor tables next   |  |
| 41   | Initialize Floppy Disk<br>Drive Controller and<br>Any Drives                       |  | Initialize extend<br>ed memory fo<br>RomPilot      |
| 42   | Initialize Hard Drive<br>Controller and Any<br>Drives                              |  | Initialize interrup<br>vectors                     |
| 43   |  | Entered protected mode. En-<br>abling interrupts for diagnos-<br>tics mode next.   | Contamposit (1)                                    |

| Code | Award                                     | AMI   | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                      |
|------|---|---|---|
| 44   | Reserved                                  | interrupts enabled if the diag-<br>nostics switch is on. Initializ-<br>ing data to check memory<br>wraparound at 0:0 next.  |   |
| 45   | Detect and Initialize<br>Math Coprocessor | Data initialized. Checking for<br>memory wraparound at 0: 0<br>and finding the total system<br>memory size next   | POST device initialization                    |
| 46   | Reserved                                  | The memory wraparound test<br>is done. Memory size calcu-<br>lation has been done. Writing<br>patterns to test memory next  | Check ROM copyright notice                    |
| 47   | Reserved                                  | The memory pattern has been written to extended memory. Writing patterns to the base 640 KB memory next.  | Initialize 120<br>support                     |
| 48   | Reserved                                  | Patterns written in base memory. Determining the amount of memory below 1 MB next.  |   |
| 49   | Reserved                                  | The amount of memory below 1 MB has been found and verified. Determining the amount of memory above 1 MB memory next.   | initialize PCI<br>bus and de-<br>vices        |
| 4A   | Reserved                                  |   | Initialize all<br>video adapters<br>in system |
| 4B   | Reserved                                  | The amount of memory above 1 MB has been found and verified. Checking for a soft reset and clearing the memory below 1 MB for the soft reset next. If this is a power on situation, going to checkpoint 4Eh next. | QuletBoot start<br>(optional)                 |
| 4C   | Reserved                                  | The memory below 1 MB has been cleared via a soft reset. Clearing the memory above 1 MB next.   | Shadow video<br>BIOS ROM                      |
| 4D   | Reserved                                  | The memory above 1 MB has been cleared via a soft reset. Saving the memory size next. Going to checkpoint 52h next  |   |

| Code | Award  | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                 |
|------|--|--|--|
| 4E   | Reboot if Manufac-<br>turing Mode; If not,<br>Display Messages<br>and Enter Setup        | The memory tesl started, but<br>not as the result of a soft<br>reset. Displaying the first 64<br>KB memory size next.                      | Display BIOS copyright notice            |
| 4F   | Ask Password Security (Optional)   | The memory size display has started. The display is updated during the memory test. Performing, the sequential and random memory test next | Initialize Multi-<br>Boot                |
| 50   | Write All CMOS<br>Values Back to<br>RAM and Clear  | The memory below 1 MB has<br>been tested and initialized.<br>Adjusting the displayed<br>memory size fot relocation<br>and shadowing next   | Display CPU<br>type and speed            |
| 51   | Enable Parity<br>Checker. Enable<br>NMI, Enable Cache<br>Before Boot                     | The memory size display was adjusted for relocation and shadowing. Testing the memory above 1 MB next.                                     | Initialize EISA<br>board                 |
| 52   | Initialize Option<br>ROMs from C8000h<br>to EFFFFh or if FS-<br>CAN Enabled to<br>F7FFFh | The memory above 1 MB has been tested and initialized. Saving the memory size information next.  | Test keyboard                            |
| 53   | Initialize Time Value in 40h: BIOS Area  | The memory size information and the CPU registers are saved. Entering real mode next.  |  |
| 54   |  | Shutdown was successful.<br>The CPU is in real mode.<br>Disabling the Gate A20 line,<br>parity, and the NMI next                           | Set key click it<br>enabled              |
| 56   |  |  | Enable USB devices                       |
| 57   | 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100  | The A20 address line, parity, and the NMI are disabled. Adjusting the memory size depending on relocation and shadowing next.              |  |
| 58   |  | The memory size was adjusted for relocation and shadowing. Clearing the Hit <del> message next</del>                                       | Test for unex-<br>pected Inter-<br>rupts |

| Code | Award  | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                              |
|------|--|--|---|
| 59   |  | The Hit <del> mes-<br/>sage is cleared. The<br/><wait> message<br/>is displayed. Starting the<br/>DMA and interrupt con-<br/>troller test next,</wait></del> | Initialize<br>POST display<br>service                 |
| 5A   |  |  | Display<br>prompt<br>Press F2 to<br>enter SET-<br>UP' |
| 5B   |  |  | Disable CPU cache                                     |
| 5C   |  |  | Test RAM be-<br>tween 512<br>and 640 kB               |
| 60   | Setup virus protection<br>(boot sector protection)<br>functionality according to<br>setup setting. | The DMA page register test passed. Performing the DMA Controller 1 base register test next.  | Test extended memory                                  |
|      | Try to turn on level 2 cache (if L2 cache already turned on in post 3D, this part will be skipped) |  |   |
| 61   | Sat the boot up speed according to setup set-<br>ting  |  |   |
| 01   | Last chanc for chipset initialization  |  |   |
|      | Last chance for power management initialization (Green BIOS Only)                                  |  |   |
|      | Show the system con-<br>figuration table   |  |   |
| 62   | Setup NUM Lock Status<br>According to Setup val-<br>ues  | The DMA controller 1 base register test passed. Performing the DMA con-  | Test extended<br>memory ad-<br>dress lines            |
|      | Program the NUM lock.<br>typematic rate & type-<br>matic speed according<br>to setup setting       | troller 2 base register test<br>next   |   |

| Code | Award  | AMI   | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                                    |
|------|--|---|---|
| 63   | if there is any changes<br>in the hardware config-<br>uration. update the ES-<br>CD information (PnP<br>BIOS only)   |   | 1   |
| 03   | Clear memory that have been used   |   | 100   |
|      | Boot system via INT<br>19h   |   | in in   |
| 64   |  |   | Jump to<br>UserPatch1                                       |
| 65   |  | The DMA controller 2<br>base register test passed<br>Programming DMA con-<br>trollers 1 and 2 next        |   |
| 66   |  | Completed programming<br>DMA controllers 1 and 2<br>Initializing the 8259 inter-<br>rupt controller next. | Configure ad-<br>vanced cache<br>registers                  |
| 67   |  | Completed 8259 interrupt controller initialization  | Initialize Mult<br>Processor<br>APIC                        |
| 68   |  |   | Enable exter-<br>nal and CPL<br>caches                      |
| 69   |  |   | Setup System<br>Management<br>Mode (SMM)<br>area            |
| 6A   | 4 MINOR AND 1887 1887 1888   |   | Display exter-<br>nal L2 cache<br>size                      |
| 6B   | New York Company of the Company of t |   | Load custom<br>defaults<br>(optional)                       |
| 6C   |  | 2000  | Display shad-<br>ow – area<br>message                       |
| 6E   |  |   | Display possi-<br>ble high ad-<br>dress for UMB<br>recovery |
| 6F   | 1200   | NAME OF BRIDE   |   |

| Code   | Award | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                      |
|--|-------|--|---|
| 70   |       |  | Display error message                         |
| 71   |       | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1  | Check for configuration errors                |
| 76   |       |  | Check for keyboard er-<br>rors                |
| 7C   | l ha  | 100  | Set up hardware inter-<br>rupt vectors        |
| 7D   |       |  | Initialize Intelligent Sys-<br>tem Monitoring |
| 7E   |       |  | Initialize coprocessor in present             |
| 7F   |       | Extended NMI source enabling is in progress.   |   |
| 80   |       | The keyboard test has started. Clearing the output buffer and checking for stuck keys. Issuing the keyboard reset command next | I/O ports and IRQs                            |
| 81   |       | A keyboard reset error or stuck<br>key was found. Issuing the<br>keyboard controller interface test<br>command next            | tialization                                   |
| The keyboard controller inter-<br>face test completed. Wirting the terns<br>command byte and initializing<br>the circular buffer next. |       | ternal RS232 ports   |   |
| 83   |       | The command byte was written and global data initialization has completed. Checking for a locked key next                      | IDE controllers                               |
| Locked key checking is over. Checking for a memory size mismatch with CMOS RAM data next   |       | ternal parallel ports  |   |
| 85   |       | The memory size check is done. Displaying a soft error and checking for a password or bypassing WINBIOS Setup next.            |   |
| 86   |       | The password was checked.<br>Performing any required pro-<br>gramming before WINBIOS<br>Setup next                             | Re – initialize onboard<br>I/O ports.         |

| Code | Award      | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                                    |
|------|------------|--|---|
| 87   |            | The programming before WIN-<br>BIOS Setup has completed<br>Uncompressing the WINBIOS<br>Setup code and executing the<br>AMIBIOS Setup or WINBFOS<br>Setup utility next | Configure Motherboard<br>Configurable Devices<br>(optional) |
| 88   | - V4 - V34 | Returned from WINBIOS Setup<br>end cleared the screen. Per-<br>forming any necessary pro-<br>gramming after WINBIOS Set-<br>up next                                    | Initialize BIOS Data<br>Area                                |
| 89   |            | The programming after WIN-<br>BIOS Setup has completed.<br>Displaying the power on screen<br>message next  | Enable Non – Mask-<br>able interrupts (NMIs)                |
| 8A   |            |  | Initialize Extended<br>BIOS Data Area                       |
| 8B   |            | The first screen message has been displayed. The «WAIT» message is displayed. Performing the PS/2 mouse check and extended BIOS data area allocation check next        | Test and initialize PS/<br>2 mouse                          |
| 8C   |            | Programming the WINBIOS<br>Setup options next  | Initialize floppy con-<br>troller                           |
| 8D   |            | The WINBIOS Setup options<br>are programmed. Resetting<br>the hard disk controller next  |   |
| 8E   |            | The hard disk controller has been reset. Configuring the floppy drive controller next  |   |
| 8F   |            |  | Determine number of ATA drives (optional)                   |
| 90   |            |  | Initialize hard - disk controllers                          |
| 91   |            | The floppy drive controller has been configured. Configuring the hard disk drive controller next.  | Initialize local – bus<br>hard – disk controllers           |
| 92   |            |  | Jump to UserPatch2  |
| 93   |            | 346  | Build MPTABLE for<br>multi – processor<br>boards            |

| Code | Award | AMI  | Phoenix4. 0/<br>Tandy3000                  |
|------|-------|--|--|
| 95   |       | Initializing bus adaptor ROMs from C8000h through D8000  | hinstall CD ROM for boot                   |
| 96   |       | Initializing before passing con-<br>trol to the adaptor ROM at<br>C800   | Clear huge ES seg-<br>ment register        |
| 97   | 2011  | Initialization before the C800 adaptor ROM gains control has completed. The adaptor ROM check is next.   | Fix up Multi Processor<br>table            |
| 98   |       | The adaptor ROM had control and has now returned control to BIOS POST. Performing any required processing after the option ROM returned controlA                                   | short beens on check-                      |
| 99   |       | Any initialization required after<br>the option ROM test has com-<br>pleted. Configuring the timer<br>data area and printer base ad-<br>dress next.                                | Check for SMART<br>Drive (optional)        |
| 9A   |       | Set the timer and printer base addresses. Setting the RS – 232 base address next.  | Shadow option ROMs                         |
| 9B   |       | Returned after setting the<br>RS - 232 base address. Per-<br>forming any required initializa-<br>tion before the Coprocessor<br>test next.   | 7 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 1   |
| 9C   |       | Required initialization before<br>the Coprocessor test is over.<br>Initializing the Coprocessor<br>next  | Set up Power Man-<br>agement               |
| 9D   |       | Coprocessor initialized. Per-<br>forming any required initializa-<br>tion after the Coprocessor test<br>next.  | Initialize security en-<br>gine (optional) |
| 9E   |       | Initialization after the Copro-<br>cessor test is complete.<br>Checking the extended key-<br>board, keyboard ID, and Num<br>Lock key next. Issuing the<br>keyboard ID command next | Enable hardware inter-<br>rupts            |
| 9F   |       |  | Determine number of ATA and SCSI drives    |
| A0   |       |  | Set time of day                            |

| Code | Award  | AMI   | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000  |
|------|--|---|---------------------------|
| A1   |  |   | Check key lock            |
| A2   |  | Displaying any soft error next  | And Laboratory            |
| A3   | 1  | The soft error display has completed. Setting the key-board typematic rate next.  |                           |
| A4   |  | The keyboard typematic rate is set. Programming the memory wait states next   | Initialize typematic rate |
| A5   |  | Memory wait state program-<br>ming is over. Clearing the<br>screen and enabling parity and<br>the NMI next                                |                           |
| A7   |  | NMI and parity enabled. Per-<br>forming any initialization re-<br>quired before passing control to<br>the adaptor ROM at E000<br>next.    |                           |
| A8   |  | Initialization before passing control to the adaptor ROM at E000h completed. Passing control to the adaptor ROM at E000h next             | Erase F2 prompt           |
| A9   |  | Returned from adaptor ROM at<br>E000h control. Performing any<br>initialization required after the<br>E000 option ROM had control<br>next |                           |
| AA   |  | Initialization after E000 option<br>ROM control has completed.<br>Displaying the system configu-<br>ration next                           | Scan for F2 key stroke    |
| AB   | 100 L 1 L 1  | Uncompressing the DMI data<br>and executing DMI POST ini-<br>tialization next   |                           |
| AC   |  |   | Enter SETUP               |
| AE   |  |   | Clear boot flag           |
| во   | If Inter-<br>rupts Oc-<br>curs in<br>Protected<br>Mode | The system configuration is displayed.  | Check for errors          |

| Code   | Anatu  | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                           |
|--------|--|--|--|
| B1     | If Unmasked NMI Oc-<br>curs, Display Press<br>F1 to Disable NMI, F2<br>Reboot                                | Copying any code to specific areas.  | Inform RomPilot about the end of POST.             |
| B2     |  | Million Services   | POST done -<br>prepare to boot<br>operating system |
| В3     | PERSONAL PROPERTY.   | OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY O |  |
| B4     |  |  | 1 One short beep<br>before boot                    |
| B5     |  |  | Terminate Quiet-<br>Boot (optional                 |
| В6     | territoriales (Parille<br>Laboration of the Control  |  | Check password (optional)                          |
| В7     |  | The state of the s | Initialize ACPI<br>BIOS                            |
| B8     |  |  |  |
| В9     |  |  | Prepare Boot                                       |
| ВА     |  | Ollego Company   | Initialize SMBIOS                                  |
| вв     | 130  | 100 - 100 ger - 100 - 100 ger - 100  | Initialize PnP Op-<br>tion ROMs                    |
| вс     |  |  | Clear parity checkers                              |
| BD     |  |  | Display MultiBoot menu                             |
| BF   I | Program chipset reg-<br>sters with power on<br>BIOS defaults   |  | Clear screen (optional)                            |
| i i    | Program the rest of<br>the chipset's value<br>according to setup<br>(later setup value<br>program)           |  | Check virus and backup reminders                   |
| ti c   | f auto configuration is chabled, programmed the chipset with pre-lefined values in the MODBINable Auto Table |  |  |

| Code | Maru  | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000                   |  |
|------|---|--|--|--|
|      | Turn off OEM specific cache, shadow   | Charle Fr  | Try to boot with                           |  |
| CO   | Initialize standard devices with default values: DMA controller (8237); Programmable Interrupt Controller (8259); Programmable Interval Timer (8254); RTC chip. |  | 50   |  |
| C1   | OEM Specific - Test to<br>Size On - Board<br>Memory   |  | Initialize POST<br>Error Manager<br>(PEM)  |  |
| C2   |   |  | Initialize error                           |  |
|      | Test the first 256K<br>DRAM   |  | Initialize error display function          |  |
| СЗ   | Expand the com-<br>pressed codes into<br>temporary DRAM area<br>including the com-<br>pressed system BIOS<br>& Option ROMs.                                     |  |  |  |
| C4   | 1 22 1  | E galeria de la composición della composición de | Initialize system<br>error handler         |  |
| C5   | OEM Specific - Early<br>Shadow Enable for<br>Fast Boot  |  | PnPnd dual<br>CMOS (optional)              |  |
| C6   | External Cache Size<br>Detection  |  | Initialize note dock (optional)            |  |
| C7   |   | evitacet   | Initialize note dock late                  |  |
| C8   |   |  | Force check (optional)                     |  |
| C9   | •   |  | Extended check-<br>sum (optional)          |  |
| CA   |   |  | Redirect Int 15h to enable remote keyboard |  |

| Code | Award                | AMI  | Phoenix4. 0/<br>Tandy3000  |
|------|----------------------|--|--|
| СВ   | er the               | 2 CS. 1 V. 1   | Redirect Int 13h<br>to Memory Tech-<br>nologies Devices<br>such as ROM,<br>RAM, PCMCIA,<br>and serial disk |
| СС   |                      |  | Redirect Int 10h<br>to enable remote<br>serial video   |
| CD   |                      |  | Re - map 1/0<br>and memory for<br>PCMCIA   |
| CE   |                      | 300.00   | Initialize digitizer<br>and display mes-<br>sage   |
| DO   | Enterthia<br>Colonia | The NMI is disabled.<br>Power on delay is start-<br>ing. Next, the initializa-<br>tion code checksum will<br>be verified.  |  |
| D1   |                      | Initializing the DMA controller, performing the keyboard controller BAT test, starting memory refresh, and entering 4 GB flat mode next.   |  |
| D2   | HEREN I              |  | Unknown inter-<br>rupt   |
| D3   | 2/54                 | Starting memory sizing next  |  |
| D4   |                      | Returning to real mode.<br>Executing any OEM<br>patches and setting the<br>stack next.   |  |
| D5   |                      | Passing control to the uncompressed code in shadow RAM at E000: 0000h. The initialization code is copied to segment 0 and control will be transferred to segment 0 end of the compression of the control will be transferred to segment 0. | (F)  |

| Code | Award   | AMI  | Phoenix4.0/<br>Tandy3000       |
|------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| D6   | 100 - | Control is in segment 0 Next. checking if <a href="Ctrl">Ctrl</a> <a href="Ctrl">Ctrl</a> <a href="Ctrl">Ctrl</a> <a href="Ctrl">Ctrl</a> <a href="Ctrl">Ctrl</a> <a href="Ctrl">Ctrl</a> <a href="Ctrl">Ahome&gt;<a href="Ctrl">Abome&gt;<a href="Ctrl">Was pressed or the system BIOS checksum is bad, next will go to checkpoint code E0h. Otherwise, going to checkpoint code D7h.</a></a></a> | 5 72 CD 5                      |
| EO   |   | The onboard floppy<br>controller if available is<br>initialized. Next, begin-<br>ning the base 512 KB<br>memory test   | Initialize the chipset         |
| E1   | E1 Setup - Page E1  | Initializing the interrupt vector table next   | Initialize the<br>bridge       |
| E2   | E2 Setup - Page E2  | Initializing the DMA and<br>Interrupt controllers<br>next.   | Initialize the CPU             |
| E3   | E3 Setup - Page E3  |  | Initialize system<br>timer     |
| E4   | E4 Setup - Page E4  |  | Initialize system              |
| E5   | E5 Setup - Page E5  |  | Check force re-<br>covery boot |
| E6   | E6 Setup - Page E6  | Enabling the floppy drive controller and Timer IRQs. Enabling internal cache memory.   | Checksum BIOS<br>ROM           |
| E7   | E7 Setup - Page E7  |  | Go to BIOS                     |
| E8   | E8 Setup - Page E8  | is in aged had see the   | Set Huge Seg-<br>ment          |
| E9   | E9 Setup - Page E9  |  | Initialize Multi<br>Processor  |
| EA   | EA Setup - Page EA  |  | Initialize OEM<br>special code |
| EB   | EB Setup - Page EB  |  | Initialize PIC and DMA         |

| Code | Award  | AMI   | Phoenix4. 0/<br>Tandy3000                  |
|------|--|---|--|
| EC   | EC Setup - Page EC   | Star Or All Tochesis  <br>Property (MEAN)   | Initialize Memory type                     |
| ED   | ED Setup - Page ED   | Initializing the floppy drive.  | Initialize Memory size                     |
| EE   | EE Setup - Page EE   | Looking for a floppy<br>diskette in drive A:<br>Reading the first sector<br>of the diskette                 | Shadow Boot<br>Block                       |
| EF   | EF Setup - Page EF   | A read error occurred while reading the floppy drive in drive A:  | System memory test                         |
| FO   | Spender vapori   | Next, searching for the AMIBOOT. ROM file in the root directory.  | Initialize interrupt vectors               |
| F1   | Att 131  | The AMIBOOT. ROM file is not in the root directory  | Initialize Run<br>Time Clock               |
| F2   | 100 Marin 100 Ma | Next, reading and analyzing the floppy diskette FAT to find the clusters occupied by the AMI-BOOT. ROM file | Initialize video                           |
| F3   |  | Next, reading the AMI-<br>BOOT. ROM file., cluster<br>by cluster.   | Initialize System<br>Management<br>Manager |
| F4   | Server Annual Control  | The AMIBOOT. ROM file is not the correct size   | Output one beep                            |
| F5   |  | Next, disabling internal cache memory.  | Clear Huge Seg-<br>ment                    |
| F6   | 1 3 3 4 3 1  | ANTENER CHEASE I THE P  | Boot to Mini DOS                           |
| F7   | Yes every  |   | Boot to Full DOS                           |
| FB   |  | Next, detecting the type of flash ROM.  |  |
| FC   | 10000  | Next, erasing the flash ROM.  |  |
| FD   |  | Next, programming the flash ROM   |  |
| FF   | Int 19 Boot Attempt  | Flash ROM programming was successful. Next, restarting the system BIOS.                                     |  |

# 7. Description of beep code

(1) AMI BIOS beep codes (fatal error)

| 1 beep   | DRAM Refresh Failure. Try reseating the memory first. If<br>the error still occurs, replace the memory with known<br>good chips.  |  |
|----------|---|--|
| 2 beeps  | Parity Error in First 64K RAM. Try reseating the memory first. If the error still occurs, replace the memory with known good chips.   |  |
| 3 beeps  | Base 64K RAM Failure. Try reseating the memory first. If<br>the error still occurs, replace the memory with known<br>good chips.  |  |
| 4 beeps  | System timer failure  |  |
| 5 beeps  | Process failure   |  |
| 6 beeps  | Keyboard Controller 8042 - Gate A20 Error. try reseating the keyboard controller chip. If the error still occurs, replace the keyboard chip. If the error persists, check parts of the system relating to the keyboard, e.g. try another keyboard, check to see if the system has a keyboard fuse |  |
| 7 beeps  | Processor, Virtual Mode Exception Interrupt Error   |  |
| 8 beeps  | Display Memory Read/Write Test Failure (Non - fatal) .<br>Replace the video card or the memory on the video card.   |  |
| 9 beeps  | ROM BIOS Checksum (32KB at F800: 0) Failed. It is not likely that this error can be corrected by reseating the chips. Consult the motherboard supplier or an AMI product distributor for replacement part(s).   |  |
| 10 beeps | CMOS Shutdown Register Read/Write Error   |  |
|          | Cache memory error  |  |

# (2) AMI BIOS beep codes (Non - fatal errof)

| 2 short        | POST Failure - One or more of the hardware tests has failed   |
|----------------|---|
| 1 long 2 short | An error was encountered in the video BIOS ROM, or a<br>horizontal retrace failure has been encountered |
| 1 long 3 short | Conventional / Extended memory failure  |
| 1 long 8 short | Display / Retrace test failed   |

# (3) Award BIOS beep codes

| 1 short        | No error during POST                             |
|----------------|--|
| 2 short        | Any Non - fatal error, enter CMOS SETUP to reset |
| 1 long 1 short | RAM or motherboard error                         |

| 1 long 2 short | Video Error, Cannot Initialize Screen to Display Any in-<br>formation |
|----------------|---|
| 1 long 3 short | Keyboard Controller error   |
| 1 long 9 short | Flash RAM /EPROM (which on the motherboard) error. (BIOS error)       |
| Long beep      | Memory bank is not plugged well, or broken.                           |

(4) Phoenix BIOS beep codes

| Beep Code | Description / What to Check                            |
|-----------|--|
| 1-1-1-3   | Verify Real Mode                                       |
| 1-1-2-1   | Get CPU type.  |
| 1-1-2-3   | Initialize system hardware.                            |
| 1-1-3-1   | Initialize chipset registers with initial POST values. |
| 1-1-3-2   | Set in POST flag.                                      |
| 1-1-3-3   | Initialize CPU registers.                              |
| 1-1-4-1   | Initialize cache to mitial POST values.                |
| 1-1-4-3   | Initialize I/O.  |
| 1-2-1-1   | Initialize Power Management.                           |
| 1-2-1-2   | Load alternate registers with initial POST values.     |
| 1-2-1-3   | Jump to User Patch0                                    |
| 1-2-2-1   | Initialize keyboard controller.                        |
| 1-2-2-3   | BIOS ROM checksum.                                     |
| 1-2-3-1   | 8254 timer initialization.                             |
| 1-2-3-3   | 8237 DMA controller initialization.                    |
| 1-2-4-1   | Reset Programmable Interrupt Controller.               |
| 1-3-1-1   | Test DRAM refresh.                                     |
| 1-3-1-3   | Test 8742 Keyboard Controller.                         |
| 1-3-2-1   | Set ES segment to register to 4 GB.                    |
| 1-3-3-1   | 28 Autosize DRAM.                                      |
| 1-3-3-3   | Clear 512K base RAM.                                   |
| 1-3-4-1   | Test 512K base address lines.                          |
| 1-3-4-3   | Tost 512K base memory.                                 |
| 1-4-1-3   | Test CPU bus - clock frequency.                        |
| 1-4-2-4   | Reinitialize the chipset.                              |
| 1-4-3-1   | Shadow system BIOS ROM.                                |
| 1-4-3-2   | Reinitialize the cache.                                |
| 1-4-3-3   | Autosize cache.  |
| 1-4-4-1   | Configure advanced chipset registers.                  |
| 1-4-4-2   | Load alternate registers with CMOS values              |

| 2-1-1-1 | Set Initial CPU speed.                      |      |
|---------|---|------|
| 2-1-1-3 | Initialize interrupt vectors.               |      |
| 2-1-2-1 | Initialize BIOS interrupts.                 |      |
| 2-1-2-3 | Check ROM copyright notice.                 |      |
| 2-1-2-4 | Initialize manager for PCI Options ROMs.    |      |
| 2-1-3-1 | Check video configuration against CMOS.     |      |
| 2-1-3-2 | Initialize PCI bus and devices.             | _    |
| 2-1-3-3 | Initialize all video adapters in system.    | -    |
| 2-1-4-1 | Shadow video BIOS ROM.                      | _    |
| 2-1-4-3 | Display copyright notice.                   |      |
| 2-2-1-1 | Display CPU type and speed.                 |      |
| 2-2-1-3 | Test keyboard.                              |      |
| 2-2-2-1 | Set key click if enabled.                   |      |
| 2-2-2-3 | 56 Enable keyboard.                         | _    |
| 2-2-3-1 | Test for unexpected interupts.              |      |
| 2-2-3-3 | Display prompt * Press F2 to enter SETUP*.  |      |
| 2-2-4-1 | Test RAM between 512 and 640k.              |      |
| 2-3-1-1 | Test expanded memory                        |      |
| 2-3-1-3 | Test extended memory address lines.         | _    |
| 2-3-2-1 | Jump to User Patch1.                        |      |
| 2-3-2-3 | Configure advanced cache registers.         |      |
| 2-3-3-1 | Enable external and CPU caches.             |      |
| 2-3-3-3 | Display external cache size.                |      |
| 2-3-4-1 | Display shadow message.                     |      |
| 2-3-4-3 | Display non - disposable segments.          |      |
| 2-4-1-1 | Display error messages.                     |      |
| 2-4-1-3 | Check for configuration errors.             |      |
| 2-4-2-1 | Test real - time clock.                     | 965  |
| 2-4-2-3 | Check for keyboard errors                   | ing) |
| 2-4-4-1 | Set up hardware interrupts vectors.         |      |
| 2-4-4-3 | Test coprocessor of present.                |      |
| 3-1-1-1 | Disable onboard I / O ports.                |      |
| 3-1-1-3 | Detect and install external Rs232 ports.    |      |
| 3-1-2-1 | Detect and install external parallel ports. | 1    |
| 3-1-2-3 | Re - Initialize onboard I/O ports.          |      |
| 3-1-3-1 | Initialize BIOS Data Area.                  |      |
| 3-1-3-3 | Initialize Extended BIOS Data Area.         | 17   |
| 3-1-4-1 | Initialize floppy controller.               |      |

| 3-2-1-1 | Initialize hard – disk controller.             |  |
|---------|--|--|
| 3-2-1-2 | Initialize local - bus hard - disk controller. |  |
| 3-2-1-3 | Jump to UserPatch2.                            |  |
| 3-2-2-1 | Disable A20 address line.                      |  |
| 3-2-2-3 | Clear huge ES segment register.                |  |
| 3-2-3-1 | Search for option ROMs.                        |  |

#### (5) IBM BIOS beep codes

| Beep Code                            | Description                                    |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| No Beeps                             | No Power, Loose Card, or Short.                |  |
| 1 Short Beep                         | Normal POST, computer is ok.                   |  |
| 2 Short Beep                         | POST error, review screen for er-<br>ror code. |  |
| Continuous Beep                      | No Power, Loose Card, or Short.                |  |
| Repeating Short Beep                 | No Power, Loose Card, or Short.                |  |
| One Long and one Short Beep          | Motherboard issue.                             |  |
| One Long and Two short Beeps         | Video (Mono/CGA Display Circuitry) issue.      |  |
| One Long and Three Short Beeps.      | Video (EGA) Display Circuitry.                 |  |
| Three Long Beeps                     | Keyboard / Keyboard card error.                |  |
| One Beep, Blank or Incorrect Display | play Video Display Circuitry.                  |  |

# 8. Corrective Action

(1) . If I forget the password, what can I do?

If you forget your password, don't worry! The following will help you:

# 1 . Omnipotent password

For the BIOS from different manufacturer, their password is different too. Both omnipotent password and password users set are able to unlock the computer. Try the abbreviation of manufacturer or the character string which formed by the first letter of each word. May be it is the omnipotent password, for example:

#### I. AMI password

| AMI      | Bios310                    | AMI! SW  | KILLCMOS  |
|----------|----------------------------|--|---|
| 589589   | SMOSPWD                    | AMISETUP   | ami. kez  |
| ammii    | AMI SW                     | ami?   | AMI. KEY  |
| amipswd  | amidecod                   | amiami   |   |
| LKWPETER | BIOSPASS                   | AMIPSWD  |   |
|          | 589589<br>ammii<br>amipswd | 589589 SMOSPWD<br>ammii AMI SW<br>amipswd amidecod | 589589         SMOSPWD         AMISETUP           ammii         AMI SW         ami?           amipswd         amidecod         amiami |

#### II Award password

| PASSWORD | HLT      | biostar  | ?award | djonet    |
|----------|----------|----------|--------|-----------|
| AWARD SW | ALFAROME | j09F     | 1EAAh  | g6PJ      |
| AWARD?SW | 256256   | j256     | admin  | HELGA - S |
| AWARE PW | 589721   | LKWPETER | ally   | HLT       |

| III. Utilitis              |                           |  |  |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Phoenix BIOS: phoenix      | Megastar: star            |  |  |
| Biostar Biostar: Q54arwms  | Micron: sldkj754xyzall    |  |  |
| Compag: compag             | Micronies: dn 04rie       |  |  |
| CTX International: CTX_123 | Packard Bell: bell9       |  |  |
| Dell: Dell                 | Shuttle: spacve           |  |  |
| Digital Equipment: komprie | Siements Nixdorf: SKY FOX |  |  |
| HP Vectra: hewlpack        | Tinys: tiny               |  |  |
| IBM: IBM MBIUO sertafu     | TMC: BIGO                 |  |  |

# 2 . Discharge by software

CMOS ROM can be discharged by software way. Then help you to solve the password problem. Follow these method, use the prompt " DE-BUG", all things to be easy.

I. clear Award password

C: \ > DEBUG - 0 70 34 or - 0 70 11x - p 71 34/ - 071 ff

- QK II. clear AMI BIOS password

C: \> DEBUG

- o 70 16 or - 0 70 10x - 071 164 - 071 0x

- QK - QL

Note: the setup of CMOS BIOS will be erased during the discharge, so the computer is able to running until you reset it. If it is COMPAQ computer, you'd better get a floppy disk which store CMOS program first, then do the discharge, or else it is easy to discharge but hard to recover.

# 3 . hardware jumper discharge to CMOS BIOS

All the computers could discharge to CMOS BIOS by switch or jumper, and clear any prompt (system booting prompt, CMOS setup prompt, key lock prompt). There are examples for the particularity of CMOS of some Original packaging computer:

The discharge of COMPAQ and AST is finished by close/open the switch, but except the state power off, follow these steps:

a, when the external power is turned off, push SW1 and SW1 - 2 to

- " on ".
- b. external power is turned on, restart the computer.
- c. after 1 to 5 minutes, turn off the computer
- d. push SW1 and SW1-2 to "off"
- e. turn on the computer. enter CMOS setup to reset if.

Most of motherboard discharge to CMOS by jumper, and for the different board, the pin is different. During the discharge, read the user's guide of motherboard first, if the state of CMOS discharge jumper pin is not included in it, to check that whether there are sighs on the motherboard, such as "Exit Batter", "Clean CMOS", "CMOS ROM Reset". If you find these sign, connect the pin of switch, or else, remove the battery.

(4) . get helps from youur dealer

If the problem is not solved still, please get in touch with you dealer.

#### (2) How to enter CMOS SETUP?

| BIOS                   | Key   | Screen instruction |
|------------------------|---|--------------------|
| AMI                    | <del> or <esc></esc></del>  | Displayed          |
| Award                  | <del> or <ctrl> + <alt> + <esc></esc></alt></ctrl></del>              | Displayed          |
| MR                     | <del> or <ctrl> + <alt> + <esc></esc></alt></ctrl></del>              | NONE               |
| Quadtel                | <f2></f2>   | Displayed          |
| COMPAQ                 | Press <f10> when the cursor dis-<br/>played on top right screen</f10> | NONE               |
| AST                    | <del> + <alt> + <s></s></alt></del>                                   | NONE               |
| Phoenix                | <del> + <alt> + <s></s></alt></del>                                   | NONE               |
| Hewlett<br>Packard(HP) | <f2></f2>   | NONE               |

# 9. If the code is not included in the book, what can I do?

As the mainboard manufacturer defines the code. Some codes haven't been defined, so you can get in touch with you dealer and find them. Also if you have the new code meaning, you can write them down in the following table:

| CODE                    | Description  | BIOS type (√)  |         |         |
|-------------------------|--------------|--|---------|---------|
|                         | Description  | Award  | AMI     | Phoenix |
|                         |              | etali jerelje  |         |         |
|                         |              |  | 100     |         |
| STEEL STEEL STEEL STEEL |              |  |         | 1232    |
| 4 100                   | August There |  | a barri | 1       |
|                         |              | The state of the s |         | -       |

# 10. Answers of frequently - asked questions

NOTE: 1. Don't against the rules in motherboard quality guaranty during repair the board.

2. Troubleshooting only when the power off.

| Error   | description   | solutions  |
|---|---|--|
| Memory<br>Bank  | Memory bank is bad  | Replace it and try again   |
|   | Pin of memory bank is dirty   | Clean it with student erases and try again.  |
|   | It is not match the other bank  | Insert the right memory bank.  |
|   | Plugged in the wrobng direc-<br>tion                                  | Insert it property   |
| Memory<br>slot or<br>extended<br>slot                 | The slot is dirty or something in it                                  | Clean it   |
|   | Metallic spring stice in the slot is out of shape or ruptured.        | Refit it's shape or replace it   |
|   | Metallic spring stice in the slot is rusty or mouldy                  | Wash with the pure alcoho<br>Inserts it and pull it out fre-<br>quently after it is dry.                     |
| CPU   | CPU is bad  | Replace it . (Touch it to check if it does not generate heat or overheated)                                  |
|   | The jumper setup or CMOS setup of CPU is error.                       | Check the setup of working voltage and frequency of CPU  |
|   | CPU pin is dirty  | Clear the dirty things, insert and pull out it frequently.   |
|   | CPU is not plugged well.  | Check the CPU pin  |
| Error of<br>POST<br>card or it<br>plugged<br>by error | The pin is dirty  | Clean it with student eraser.<br>Insert the card and pull it out<br>many times.                              |
|   | The POST card is plugged in wrong slot                                | Distinguish carefully between<br>ISA slot and PCI slot   |
|   | It is plugged in the wrong direction.                                 | Make sure the component<br>Side should face to the power<br>pin  |
|   | The POST card is bad  | Get in touch form you dealer<br>(P678@163.net)   |
| Power<br>on, the<br>code is<br>stopped                | The motherboard is not run-<br>ning                                   | Check the power and CPU jumper.  |
|   | There is no code export to the bus slot in which the POST card insert | Try the other slot. (See Obligatory content*)  |
| POST<br>tails mid-<br>way                             | Motherboard error   | According to error codes   |
|   | The motherboard send the error code to ideo display                   | Connect the video display<br>According to the message or<br>the screen to check the error<br>then try again. |

### Introduce of run LEDS

Only by some units and a few mainboard slot message, it could runs normally, and it has a low error percenturn. If the card is plugged into the bad slot, the code stop changing, or the other LEDs is not light, but the run LED is quite possible to run normally. You can solve the following problems by the result of "if the run LED has lighted, the mainboard has ever ran":

- 1. The code of the card is bad.
- 2. The card is not fit for the mainboard which you using.
- 3. PCI slot or ISA slot is bad.
- The card is plugged incorrectly or pins of card are dirty, or pins in slot rusted.
- 5. The mainboard stops working.
- The mainboard is working on programs which is out of relation to codes.