

## FORK SENSORS

SIMPLICITY, FLEXIBILITY, AND PRECISION COMBINED IN A SINGLE FORK SENSOR

## SICK

Sensor Intelligence.

## SIMPLICITY, FLEXIBILITY, AND PRECISION COMBINED IN A SINGLE FORK SENSOR

Hitting the mark without the need for extensive preparation is the very definition of precision. What makes fork sensors from SICK really stand out, however, is more than just their accuracy - it's also their outstanding equipment configuration. The sender and receiver are integrated into a single housing, saving time spent on alignment.

Sensors that operate using a through-beam design always require a certain amount of adjustment and alignment. That is, unless the sender and receiver are both integrated into a rugged housing made of plastic or aluminum - as is the case with SICK fork sensors. With their precise, focused beam of light, the infrared, red light, laser, and ultrasonic variants that are available offer a key advantage when it comes to reliable detection of labels, double sheets, and various types of objects. These sensors are even able to detect very slight differences in light attenuation. A wide range of fork sizes, straightforward mounting, and exceptionally high ambient light immunity are additional advantages that the fork sensors offer.



## Advantages at a glance

- Quick and easy mounting as the sender and receiver are integrated into one housing
- Numerous fork sizes and detection principles (infrared LED, red light LED, laser, and ultrasonic) to accommodate all kinds of applications
- Reliable performance at high speeds thanks to high switching frequency
- High ambient light immunity provides a high level of operational safety
- Rugged aluminum housing for use in harsh industrial environments


# TWO OPERATING CONCEPTS FOR INCREASED FLEXIBILITY 

Various procedures are available for carrying out teach-in configuration of fork sensors. In addition to static 2-point teach-in, a dynamic teach-in procedure is available for selection. This flexibility is also reflected in the operating concept used when performing the teach-in procedure.

In addition to the proven variants that enable settings to be made using plus/minus buttons, the teach-in button variants provide the option of performing the teach-in procedure using just one button. This means that SICK offers its customers the advantage of an intuitive sensor that is equipped with one and the same operating concept across all product variants.

Thanks to an IO-Link interface installed as standard and optional smart automation functions, SICK fork sensors are equipped for the long term, ready to face the requirements of the future - and combine standard sensors with pioneering sensor intelligence in order to do so.

## The two operating concepts at a glance

Operating concept with plus/minus buttons

- Static and dynamic teach-in procedure available
- Option of individual switching threshold readjustment using plus/minus buttons
- Option of changing between light/dark switching
- Pushbutton lock can be activated and deactivated


Operating concept with teach-in button

- Standardized design
- Intuitive operating concept
- Static and dynamic teach-in procedure available
- Option of single-stage fine adjustment using teach-in button
- Option of changing between light/dark switching
- Pushbutton lock can be activated and deactivated

* With the exception of UFN.


## TWO FUNCTIONAL PRINCIPLES ACHIEVE THE DESIRED RESULT

There are two different principles of operation used in SICK fork sensors.


## Optical fork sensors

Optical fork sensors detect objects via the interruption of the light beam. Even slight differences in light attenuation are detected reliably in this way.

## Fields of application

- Label detection
- Counting and positioning objects
- Process control



## Ultrasonic fork sensors

In this case, it is the material properties (such as thickness and adhesion) that are evaluated and reliably detected, rather than the transparency. Thicker materials absorb the sensor's ultrasonic properties more strongly than thin materials. Transparent materials are detected regardless of their printed design or color.

## Fields of application

- Label detection
- Double sheet detection
- Adhesive surface detection


## Switching function

## Switching output $\mathbf{Q}=$ dark switching

The switching output is active when the path of the beam is interrupted; that is, an object is located in the path of the beam.


In label recognition, this means:
The switching output is active when the label is present.

## Switching output $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}=$ light switching

The switching output is active when there is no object in the path of the beam.


In label recognition, this means:
The switching output is active when the label is not present.

## LABEL OR DOUBLE SHEET DETECTION

Transparent, shiny, and metallic labels; white, opaque, and colored substrate; thin foils, foil on foil, paper on paper - modern labeling machines are faced with a variety of materials and surface properties. SICK fork sensors always offer the right solution. Optical fork sensors are able to detect opaque labels, for example, reliably. Ultrasonic fork sensors detect even transparent materials reliably, regardless of their printing design.

WFS - Agile and flexible, enabling ideal mounting in label detection applications


- Infrared transmission source
- Optimized housing thanks to slim fork shape
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Smart sensor with integrated IO-Link interface


## UFN - The clear choice for detecting transparent labels



- Ultrasonic transmission source
- Detection of transparent, opaque, or printed labels
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via teach-in button or plus/minus buttons
- Not affected by metalized colors
- Response time of $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$



## OBJECT DETECTION

In order to control various processes logistically, it is necessary to reliably detect certain objects on the conveyor belts. As soon as an object passes the fork sensor, it is detected. Thanks to a whole host of different transmission sources and sizes, the right fork sensor can always be found to suit every requirement. The design accommodates the sender and receiver in a single housing. Commissioning is as easy as the mounting process is quick, since no complex, time-consuming alignment is needed.

WFN - The all-round solution for high-speed applications


- Infrared transmission source
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Fast response time (max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ )
- Smart sensor with integrated IO-Link interface


WFL - For the smallest of parts and precise positioning


- Very precise laser (Class 1)
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Minimum detectable object size of just 0.05 mm
- Smart sensor with integrated IO-Link interface



## WFM - connect and go



- Clearly visible red emitted light
- No setup required, immediately operational
- Receive indicator, visible from any direction
- Rugged aluminum housing with IP 67 enclosure rating



## OPTIMIZED AUTOMATION FOR MACHINES AND PLANTS

SICK sensors with IO-Link functions that can be integrated into an automation system offer a whole host of useful functions, from configuration and operation all the way through to monitoring.



## Condition monitoring/diagnostics

Implementing diagnostic and self-test options enables features such as contamination evaluation for sensors. Thanks to the monitoring capabilities of the sensors, preventive maintenance can be carried out using a precise maintenance plan. This ability to predict machine status even extends across area boundaries. The advantages of this are reduced maintenance and repair times, minimum risk of failure, as well as accurate fault localization and diagnostics.

4

## E-parts list/E-inventory

IO-Link enables electronic documentation to be created for all sensors in the as-delivered state of the machine or plant, both quickly and automatically. The advantages of this are increased transparency in the electronic documentation for installed sensors, cables, and male connectors. This prevents time-consuming troubleshooting resulting from different documentation versions. Additionally, the machine or plant's as-delivered state can be documented easily and accurately in this way.


## Flexible sensor adjustment

The automation system provides the IO-Link sensor with optimum application-specific parameters for the manufacturing process or the product being manufactured, such as the sensing distance, hysteresis, or threshold. The advantages of this are reduced machine downtimes and changeover times when switching products, more machine flexibility, and the prevention of incorrect settings.


## Easy device replacement

Sensors with IO-Link can be replaced quickly and easily as they are able to adopt the set function parameters without any alterations. The parameters are stored in the IO-Link master or in the control system. The advantages of this are minimal downtimes, guaranteed machine availability, as well as recorded and documented replacement processes.

By using state-of-the-art sensor technology and integrating it into an automation network, it is possible to take advantage of innovative functions that have a direct impact on a plant or machine's productivity.


High-speed counters
Some plants and machines have to know how fast conveying equipment is moving in order to carry out control tasks, or they need to ensure that the speed of a roller stays within defined limits. Using the counting function in the -A71 fork sensor variants, it is possible to implement these and other automation tasks with maximum efficiency.


## Time measurement

In some plants and machines, it is necessary to check that an object being transported to another destination is the right shape or in the right position on the conveying equipment. The -A70 fork sensor variant measures the time window directly and with high precision, and provides the measurement result in the format required by the control system so that this information can undergo further processing.


## Remote debouncing

For some plants and machines, maintaining productivity levels requires sensors to know which detection signals are disturbances, and to suppress those disturbances using additional detection information. This prevents the control system from being burdened with information that will disrupt the process. The -A70 and -A71 fork sensor variants are equipped with this function.

| Part number | Type | High-speed counters | Time measurement | Remote debouncing | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6058645 | WFL50-40B41CA70 |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 44$ |
| 6058646 | WFL50-40B41CA71 | $\square$ |  | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 44$ |
| 6058615 | WF2-40B41CA70 |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 31$ |
| 6058616 | WF2-40B41CA71 | $\square$ |  | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 31$ |
| 6058617 | WF30-40B41CA70 |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 32$ |
| 6058619 | WF30-40B41CA71 | $\square$ |  | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 32$ |
| 6059834 | WF50-40B41CA71 | $\square$ |  | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 32$ |
| 6059993 | WF50-60B41CA70 |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 32$ |
| 6059994 | WF50-60B41CA71 | $\square$ |  | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 32$ |
| 6058650 | WFS3-40B41CA70 |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\rightarrow 23$ |
| 6058651 | WFS3-40B41CA71 | $\square$ |  | ■ | $\rightarrow 23$ |

Other fork variants including automation functions are available on request.

You will find detailed information on Smart Sensor Solutions powered by IO-Link in the special information with the same name (part number 8011727).

## PRODUCT FAMILY OVERVIEW




WFnext

The specialist for high-speed applications


WFL

The perfect sensor for the detection of very small parts and precise positioning

WFM


Plug-and-play fork sensors connect and get started

Optical detection principle

$$
2 \mathrm{~mm} \ldots 120 \mathrm{~mm}
$$

$42 \mathrm{~mm} . . .95 \mathrm{~mm}$
0.2 mm

LED, Infrared light
10 kHz / 15 kHz
$46 \mu \mathrm{~s} / 100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
Light/darkswitching, selectable via button Connector M8, 4-pin
/ / -
Standard
Advanced
Time measurement + decentralized debouncing / High speed counter + decentralized debouncing (depending on type)

Optical detection principle

$$
\begin{gathered}
2 \mathrm{~mm} \ldots 120 \mathrm{~mm} \\
42 \mathrm{~mm} \ldots 95 \mathrm{~mm} \\
0.05 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{gathered}
$$

Laser, visible red light
$10 \mathrm{kHz} / 11 \mathrm{kHz}$
$60 \mu \mathrm{~s} / 100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
Light/darkswitching, selectable via button Connector M8, 4-pin

## $\boldsymbol{\sim} /-$

Standard
Advanced
Time measurement + decentralized debouncing / High speed counter + decentralized debouncing (depending on type)

- Infrared light source
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Fast response time: $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
- PNP and NPN switching output
- Light/dark switching function
- Stable aluminum housing with IP 65 enclosure rating
- Smart sensor with integrated IO-Link interface
- Very precise Class 1 laser
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Fast response time: $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
- PNP and NPN switching output
- Light/dark switching function
- Stable aluminum housing with IP 65 enclosure rating
- Smart sensor with integrated IO-Link interface
- Clearly visible red emitted light
- No setup required: The sensor is ready for operation immediately
- Receive indicator, visible all-round
- 5 fork sizes with a maximum depth of 120 mm and a maximum width of 180 mm
- Stable aluminum housing with IP 67 enclosure rating


## THE CLEAR CHOICE FOR DETECTING TRANSPARENT LABELS



## Product description

The UF ultrasonic sensors reliably detects labels and materials, regardless of printed design, transparency or surface characteristics. Unlike optical sensors, the UF3 relies on damping - a process where the thickness of a material determines the degree to which the sensor absorbs sound waves. A high level of positioning accuracy and stable response times make the fork sensor suitable for nearly any environment. Due

## At a glance

- Detection of transparent, opaque or printed labels
- Unaffected by metallic foils and labels
- Fast response time of $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$


## Your benefits

- Great flexibility: UF identifies labels reliably - regardless of whether they are transparent, opaque or printed
- Fast response times enable precise detection - even at high web speeds
- Teach-in function enables quick and easy commissioning
to its small, compact metal housing, the UF can be used in harsh conditions and where space is limited. As a result, the UF3 can distinguish between labels located just 2 mm apart from one another on an adhesive tape. Applications include detecting transparent labels on transparent substrates, detecting labels with different printed designs or differentiating between single- and two-ply materials.
- Simple and accurate adjustment via teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Rugged, IP 65 aluminum housing
- The aluminum housing meets all requirements for use in harsh industrial conditions
- High process reliability: Ultrasonic technology prevents false detection, which may be caused by ambient light or shiny surfaces

[^0]

## Detailed technical data

## Features

|  | UFnext - Teach-in button | UFnext - Plus/minus buttons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) | $18 \mathrm{~mm} \times 47.5 \mathrm{~mm} \times 92.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| Functional principle | Ultrasonic detection principle |  |
| Housing design (light emission) | Fork shaped |  |
| Fork width | 3 mm |  |
| Fork depth | 69 mm | Plus/minus buttons <br> Cable (depending on type) |
| Minimum detectable object (MDO) | Gize of labels: 2 mm <br> 2-point teach-in |  |
| Label detection | $\boldsymbol{V}$ | Teach-in button <br> Cable (depending on type) <br> Dynamic Teach-in |
| Adjustment | 1-point-teach-in <br> 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | Light/darkswitching, selectable via button |
| Teach-in mode |  |  |
| Output function |  |  |

Interfaces

|  |  | UFnext - Teach-in button |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| IO-Link Funktionen | - |  |
| Advanced Funktionen | - |  |
| Fieldbus, industrial network | - |  |
| Type of fieldbus integration | - |  |

## Mechanics/electronics

|  | UFnext - Teach-in button | UFnext - Plus/minus buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ | 10 V DC ... 30 V DC |  |
| Ripple ${ }^{2)}$ | < 10 \% |  |
| Power consumption ${ }^{3}$ | 40 mA |  |
| Switching frequency ${ }^{4)}$ | 1.5 kHz |  |
| Response time ${ }^{5}$ | $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| Output type | PNP <br> NPN (depending on type) |  |
| Switching output (voltage) | PNP: HIGH $=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}-\leq 2 \mathrm{~V} /$ LOW approx. 0 V <br> NPN: HIGH = approx. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}} /$ LOW $\leq 2 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> (depending on type) |  |
| Switching output | Light/dark switching |  |
| Output current $I_{\text {max. }}{ }^{6}$ ) | 100 mA |  |
| Input, teach-in (ET) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Teach: } U>7 \text { V ... }<U_{V} \\ & \text { Run: } U<2 \text { V } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Initialization time | 100 ms |  |
| Connection type | Connector M8, 4-pin |  |
| Protection class ${ }^{7)}$ | III |  |
| Circuit protection | Output Q short-circuit protected Interference pulse suppression |  |
| Enclosure rating | IP 65 |  |


| Weight | 95 g |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Housing material | Aluminum |
|  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ Limit values, reverse-polarity protected, operation in short-circuit protected network: max. 8 A. |  |
| ${ }^{2)}$ May not exceed or fall below $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{v}}$ tolerances. |  |

## Ambient data

|  | UFnext - Teach-in button | UFnext - Plus/minus buttons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ambient operating temperature ${ }^{1)}$ | $+5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Ambient storage temperature | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Shock load | According to EN $60068-2-27$ |  |
| EMC $^{2)}$ | EN $60947-5-2$ |  |

${ }^{1)}$ Do not bend below $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
${ }^{2)}$ The UFN complies with the Radio Safety Requirements (EMC) for the industrial sector (Radio Safety Class A). It may cause radio interference if used in residential areas.

Ordering information
Other models $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/UFnext

## UFnext, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: -
- Fork width: 3 mm
- Fork depth: 69 mm

| Adjustment | Teach-in Verfahren | Output type | Connection diagram | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teach-in button (Teach- <br> in, sensitivity, light/dark <br> switching) |  | PNP | Cd-092 | UFN3-70P417 |  |
| Cable (dynamic Teach- <br> in) | 1-point-teach-in <br> 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | NPN | Cd-092 | UFN3-70N417 |  |
| Teach-in button (Teach- <br> in, sensitivity, light/dark <br> switching) |  | PNP, NPN | 6058744 |  |  |

## UFnext, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- Fork width: 3 mm
- Fork depth: 69 mm

| Adjustment | Teach-in Verfahren | Output type | Connection diagram | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plus/minus buttons <br> (Teach-in, sensitivity, |  | PNP | Cd-092 | UFN3-70P415 |  |
| light/dark switching) <br> Cable (dynamic Teach- <br> in) | 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | NPN | Cd-092 | UFN3-70N415 |  |
| Plus/minus buttons <br> (Teach-in, sensitivity, <br> light/dark switching) |  | PNP, NPN | 6049689 |  |  |

Dimensional drawings (Dimensions in mm (inch))
UFnext - Plus/minus buttons

(1) Fork opening: fork width 3 mm , forks depth 69 mm
(2) Mounting hole, $\varnothing 4.2 \mathrm{~mm}$
(3) Detection axis

UFnext - Teach-in button


All dimensions in mm (inch)
(1) Fork opening: fork width 3 mm , forks depth 69 mm
(2) Mounting hole, $\varnothing 4.2 \mathrm{~mm}$
(3) Detection axis

Adjustments
UFnext, Plus/minus buttons

(1) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output
(2) Function indicator (red)
(3) Plus/minus buttons and function button

## Connection diagram

| Cd-092 | Cd-086 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $-\overline{-}-\bar{b} \bar{n}_{i} 1+(L+)$ |  |
| wht $\underbrace{2}$ Teach | $\rightarrow \text { wht } 2 \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{NPN}}$ |
| $\text { blu! } 3$ | $\text { blu! } 3-(\mathrm{M})$ |
| $\rightarrow$ blkj 4 Q | $\rightarrow$ blkj $4 \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{PNP}}$ |

UFnext, Teach-in button

(1) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output
(2) Function signal indicator (green)
(3) Teach-in button and function button

## Setting the switching threshold

Teach-in dynamic via plus/minus buttons

1. Position label or substrate in the active area of the fork sensor


Press both the " + " and "-" buttons together, hold $>1 \mathrm{~s}$ and than release the teach-in buttons. The red LED flashes.

## 2. Move multiple labels through the fork sensor



Press "-" button, teach-in process is finished.

## Notes

Switching threshold adaptation:
Only, the first teach-in procedure after switching on is permanently stored. Teach-in can be repeated cyclically. Switching output also during teach-in active.

+ Once teach-in process is complete, the switching threshold can be adjusted at any time using - the " + " or "-" button. To make minor adjustments, press the " + " or " - " button once. To configure settings quickly, keep the "+" or "-" button pressed for longer.
$\pm \frac{\partial / 6}{3 \mathrm{~s}}$ Press both the "+" and "-" buttons together (3 seconds) to lock the device and prevent unintentional actuation.
$\pm 4 / \mathrm{L}$
Press both the "+" and "-" buttons together (6 seconds) to define the switching function (light/dark switching). Standard setting: $\mathrm{Q}=$ light switching.

Teach-in (static): Setting the switching threshold without movements of label, cf. operating instruction.

Teach-in dynamic via Teach-in button

## 1. Start teach-in: Position

carrier or label between the fork


Press the teach-in button for $3-20 \mathrm{~s}$. With the pushbutton pressed down, move several label with carrier material (label) through the sensor. The yellow LED flashes at 3 Hz during the teach-in procedure. Recommendation: Move at least 3 label + carrier through the sensor.

## 2. End teach-in:



Release the teach-in button for < 20 s. If teach-in is successful, the function indicator (yellow LED) directly indicates the output state of the sensor. The switching $t$ hreshold is now optimally set between carrier and label. The best possible operational safety is provided.

## Note

## Fine adjustment

In order to obtain a higher operating reserve, a fine adjustment can be carried out after successful teach-in. For this purpose, the switching threshold is set close to the taught-in object. The teach-in button must be pressed and released within 10 s of successful teach-in. Successful setting is signaled by flashing twice at 1 Hz .

## Light/dark switching



You can change between light switching and dark switching by pressing the teach-in button for 20-30 s.

## Pushbutton lock



The device can be locked against unintended operation by pressing the teach-in button for $>30 \mathrm{~s}$. The device can be unlocked by pressing the teach-in button again for $>30 \mathrm{~s}$.

## PRECISE DETECTION FOR OPTIMUM LABEL DETECTION



## C $\boldsymbol{C}$ ©

Additional information
Detailed technical data ..... 21
Ordering information ..... 23
Dimensional drawings ..... 24
Adjustments ..... 25
Connection diagram ..... 25
Setting the switching threshold ..... 26

## Product description

The slim, forked shape of the WFS has been specially developed for the requirements of the labeling process. The design allows the sensor to be mounted directly on the edge of a label dispenser. Difficulty in detecting the label gap is finally eliminated - the sensor's switch-

## At a glance

- Housing with slim forked shape
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Light/dark switching function


## Your benefits

- Flexible and simple mounting directly on the edge of a label dispenser ensures a high level of accuracy in the process
- Small housing allows simple installation even where space is limited
- User-friendly adjustment allows easy and quick commissioning
ing threshold can be taught-in while the label strip is running. This sophisticated operating concept means the sensor can be adjusted to different labels quickly, easily, and reliably. The fast response time guarantees exceptional repeat accuracy.
- Fast response time: $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
- PNP or NPN switching output
- Plastic housing with IP 65 enclosure rating
- Smart sensor with integrated IO-Link interface
- Fast response times enable precise detection - even at very high track speeds
- Thanks to IO-Link or external teachin, the switching threshold can be adapted while the process is running, increasing process reliability
- Easy to access data from the PLC via IO-Link

[^1] more.

## Detailed technical data

## Features

|  | WFS - Teach-in button |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) | $10 \mathrm{~mm} \times 25 \mathrm{~mm} \times 64.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ | WFS - Plus/minus buttons |
| Functional principle | Optical detection principle |  |
| Housing design (light emission) | Fork shaped |  |
| Fork width | 3 mm |  |
| Fork depth | 42 mm |  |
| Minimum detectable object (MDO) | Gap between labels: 2 mm <br> Size of labels: 2 mm <br> 1) |  |
| Label detection | $\boldsymbol{V}$ |  |
| Light source | LED, Infrared light | Plus/minus buttons |
| Adjustment | Teach-in button <br> Cable <br> 1-point-teach-in <br> 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | Dynamic Teach-in |
| Teach-in mode | Light/darkswitching, selectable via button |  |
| Output function |  |  |

${ }^{1)}$ Depends on the label thickness.

## Interfaces

|  | WFS - Teach-in button |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| IO-Link Funktionen | Standard <br> Advanced (depending on type) | WFS - Plus/minus buttons |
| Advanced Funktionen | Time measurement + decentralized debounc- <br> ing / High speed counter + decentralized <br> debouncing (depending on type) |  |
| Fieldbus, industrial network | IO-Link |  |
| Type of fieldbus integration | Integrated in the device |  |

## Mechanics/electronics

|  | WFS - Teach-in button | WFS - Plus/minus buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ | 10 V DC ... 30 V DC |  |
| Ripple ${ }^{2)}$ | < 10 \% |  |
| Power consumption ${ }^{3}$ | 20 mA |  |
| Switching frequency | $15 \mathrm{kHz}{ }^{4}$ | $10 \mathrm{kHz}{ }^{5}$ |
| Response time ${ }^{6)}$ | $46 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Stability of response time | $\pm 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| Jitter | $17 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $40 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Output type | PUSH/PULL | PNP / NPN (depending on type) |
| Switching output (voltage) | Push/Pull: High $=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}-<2 \mathrm{~V} /$ Low: $\leq 2 \mathrm{~V}$ | PNP: HIGH $=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}-\leq 2 \mathrm{~V} /$ LOW approx. $0 \mathrm{~V} /$ <br> NPN: HIGH = approx. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / \mathrm{LOW} \leq 2 \mathrm{~V}$ (depending on type) |
| Switching output | Light/dark switching |  |
| Output current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}$. | 100 mA |  |


|  | WFS - Teach-in button | WFS - Plus/minus buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input, teach-in (ET) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Teach: } U>5 \mathrm{~V} \ldots<U_{V} \\ & \text { Run: } U<4 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | PNP <br> Teach: $\mathrm{U}>5 \mathrm{~V} \ldots<\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{V}}$ <br> Run: $U<4 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> NPN <br> Teach: $U<\left(U_{V}-6 V\right)$ <br> Run: $U>\left(U_{V}-5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ |
| Initialization time | 40 ms | 20 ms |
| Connection type | Connector M8, 4-pin | Cable, 4-wire, 2 m <br> Connector M8, 4-pin (depending on type) |
| Ambient light immunity | $\leq 10,000 \mathrm{~lx}$ |  |
| Protection class | III |  |
| Circuit protection | $U_{\mathrm{V}}$ connections, reverse polarity protected Output Q short-circuit protected Interference pulse suppression |  |
| Enclosure rating | IP 65 |  |
| Weight | Approx. 36 g |  |
| Housing material | PA (glass-fiber reinforced) |  |

${ }^{1)}$ Limit values, reverse-polarity protected, operation in short-circuit protected network: max. 8 A .
${ }^{2)}$ May not exceed or fall below $U_{v}$ tolerances.
${ }^{3}$ ) Without load.
${ }^{4)}$ With light/dark ratio 1:1, typical, during teach-in 6 kHz .
${ }^{5}$ ) With light/dark ratio 1:1.
${ }^{6}$ ) Signal transit time with resistive load.

## Ambient data

|  | WFS - Teach-in button | WFS - Plus/minus buttons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ambient operating temperature ${ }^{1)}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Ambient storage temperature | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Shock load | According to $\mathrm{EN} 60068-2-27$ |  |

[^2]Ordering information
Other models $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/WFS
WFS, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection type: Connector M8, 4-pin
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WFS3-40B41CA00 | 6058649 |
|  |  | Advanced | Time measurement <br> + decentralized debouncing |  | WFS3-40B41CA70 | 6058650 |
|  |  |  | High speed counter + decentralized debouncing |  | WFS3-40B41CA71 | 6058651 |

WFS, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Connection diagram: cd-092
- Adjustment: Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Fork depth | Teach-in mode | Output type | Connection type | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 mm | 42 mm | Dynamic Teach-in | PNP | Cable, 4-wire | WFS3-40P115 | 6055433 |
|  |  |  |  | Connector M8, 4-pin | WFS3-40P415 | 6043919 |
|  |  |  | NPN | Cable, 4-wire | WFS3-40N115 | 6055434 |
|  |  |  |  | Connector M8, 4-pin | WFS3-40N415 | 6043920 |

Dimensional drawings (Dimensions in mm (inch))
WFS - Plus/minus buttons

(1) Optical axis

WFS - Teach-in button

(1) Optical axis

Adjustments
WFS, Plus/minus buttons

(1) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output
(2) Function indicator (red)
(3) Plus/minus buttons and function button

## Connection diagram

Cd-273
Cd-092
$-4 \mathrm{brn}!\frac{1}{4}+(\mathrm{L}+)$
$-6 n_{i} \frac{1}{=}+(L+)$
$\rightarrow$ blki $\frac{4}{2} Q_{1} / C$

- wht ${ }^{2}$ - Teach




## Setting the switching threshold

Teach-in via plus/minus buttons

1. Position label or substrate in the active area of the fork sensor


Press both the " + " and " - " buttons together, hold $>1 \mathrm{~s}$ and than release the teach-in buttons. The red LED flashes.
2. Move multiple labels through the fork sensor


Press "-" button, teach-in process is finished.

## Notes

Switching threshold adaptation:
Only, the first teach-in procedure after switching on is permanently stored. Teach-in can be repeated cyclically. Switching output also during teach-in active.

+ Once teach-in process is complete, the switching threshold can be adjusted at any time using - the " + " or "-" button. To make minor adjustments, press the " + " or " - " button once. To configure settings quickly, keep the " + " or " - " button pressed for longer.
$\pm \frac{\partial / 6}{3 \mathrm{~s}}$
Press both the " + " and "-" buttons together (3 seconds) to lock the device and prevent unintentional actuation.
$\pm 4 / \mathrm{L}$
Press both the "+" and "-" buttons together (6 seconds) to define the switching function (light/dark switching). Standard setting: $\mathrm{Q}=$ light switching.

Teach-in (static): Setting the switching threshold without movements of label, cf. operating instruction.

Teach-in via Teach-in button

## 1. Start teach-in: Position

carrier or label between the fork


Press the teach-in button for $3-20 \mathrm{~s}$. With the pushbutton pressed down, move several label with carrier material (label) through the sensor. The yellow LED flashes at 3 Hz during the teach-in procedure. Recommendation: Move at least 3 label + carrier through the sensor.

## 2. End teach-in:



Release the teach-in button for < 20 s. If teach-in is successful, the function indicator (yellow LED) directly indicates the output state of the sensor. The switching $t$ hreshold is now optimally set between carrier and label. The best possible operational safety is provided.

## Note

## Fine adjustment

In order to obtain a higher operating reserve, a fine adjustment can be carried out after successful teach-in. For this purpose, the switching threshold is set close to the taught-in object. The teach-in button must be pressed and released within 10 s of successful teach-in. Successful setting is signaled by flashing twice at 1 Hz .

## Light/dark switching



You can change between light switching and dark switching by pressing the teach-in button for 20-30 s.

## Pushbutton lock



The device can be locked against unintended operation by pressing the teach-in button for $>30 \mathrm{~s}$. The device can be unlocked by pressing the teach-in button again for $>30 \mathrm{~s}$.

## THE SPECIALIST FOR HIGH-SPEED APPLICATIONS



## Product description

WFnext fork sensors are at work in the detection of labels, marks, double sheets, holes, edges, and various objects. Thanks to the design principle that sees both the sender and receiver integrated in a single housing, no adjustment is necessary. This easy-to-use sensor line includes fork widths between 2 mm and 120 mm with fork depths of
$40 \mathrm{~mm}, 60 \mathrm{~mm}$, and 95 mm . Extremely fast response times and fine resolution means that WFnext fork sensors from SICK can even detect small and flat objects, as well as those traveling at high speeds. On multiple installations, WFnext sensors can be installed adjacent to one another with no cross talk.

## At a glance

- Infrared light source
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Fast response time: $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$


## Your benefits

- Fast response time and fine resolution ensure reliable detection even at very high object speeds
- Infrared light source provides excellent ambient light immunity
- User-friendly setting via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- A wide range of different fork sizes enables flexible installation

[^3] more.


## Detailed technical data

## Features

|  | WFnext - Teach-in button | WFnext - Plus/minus buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Functional principle | Optical detection principle |  |
| Housing design (light emission) | Fork shaped |  |
| Fork width | $2 \mathrm{~mm} . . .120 \mathrm{~mm}$ (depending on type) |  |
| Fork depth | $42 \mathrm{~mm} . . .95 \mathrm{~mm}$ (depending on type) |  |
| Minimum detectable object (MDO) | 0.2 mm |  |
| Label detection | $\checkmark$ | $\boldsymbol{\sim} /$ - (depending on type) |
| Light source | LED, Infrared light |  |
| Adjustment | Teach-in button Cable | Plus/minus buttons |
| Teach-in mode | 1-point-teach-in <br> 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | 2-point teach-in (depending on type) |
| Output function | Light/darkswitching, selectable via button |  |

Interfaces

|  | WFnext - Teach-in button |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| IO-Link Funktionen | Standard <br> Advanced (depending on type) | WFnext - Plus/minus buttons |
| Advanced Funktionen | Time measurement + decentralized <br> debouncing / High speed counter + decen- <br> tralized debouncing (depending on type) |  |
| Fieldbus, industrial network | IO-Link |  |
| Type of fieldbus integration | Integrated in the device |  |

Mechanics/electronics

|  | WFnext - Teach-in button | WFnext - Plus/minus buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage ${ }^{1)}$ | 10 V DC ... 30 V DC |  |
| Ripple ${ }^{2)}$ | < 10 \% |  |
| Power consumption | $20 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{3)}$ | 40 mA |
| Switching frequency ${ }^{4)}$ | 15 kHz | 10 kHz |
| Response time | $46 \mu \mathrm{~s}^{5)}$ | $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Stability of response time | $\pm 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| Jitter | $17 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $40 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Output type | PUSH/PULL | PNP/NPN |
| Switching output (voltage) | Push/Pull: High $=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}-<2 \mathrm{~V} /$ Low: $\leq 2 \mathrm{~V}$ | PNP: HIGH $=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}-\leq 2 \mathrm{~V} /$ LOW approx. 0 V NPN: HIGH = approx. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}} /$ LOW $\leq 2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching output | Light/dark switching |  |
| Output current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}$. | 100 mA |  |
| Input, teach-in (ET) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Teach: } U>5 \mathrm{~V} \ldots<U_{V} \\ & \text { Run: } U<4 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Initialization time | 40 ms | 100 ms |
| Connection type | Connector M8, 4-pin |  |
| Ambient light immunity | Sunlight: $\leq 10,000 \mathrm{klx}$ |  |


|  | WFnext - Teach-in button | WFnext - Plus/minus buttons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Protection class ${ }^{6}$ ) | III |  |
| Circuit protection | $U_{\mathrm{V}}$ connections, reverse polarity protected <br> Output Q short-circuit protected <br> Interference pulse suppression |  |
| Enclosure rating | IP 65 |  |
| Weight ${ }^{7}$ ) | Approx. $36 \mathrm{~g} \ldots 160 \mathrm{~g}$ |  |
| Housing material | Aluminum |  |

${ }^{1)}$ Limit values, reverse-polarity protected, operation in short-circuit protected network: max. 8 A .
${ }^{2)}$ May not exceed or fall below $U_{v}$ tolerances.
${ }^{3)}$ Without load.
4) With light/dark ratio 1:1.
${ }^{5)}$ Signal transit time with resistive load.
${ }^{6)}$ Reference voltage DC 50 V .
${ }^{7}$ ) Depending on fork width.

## Ambient data

|  | WFnext-Teach-in button | WFnext - Plus/minus buttons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ambient operating temperature ${ }^{1)}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Ambient storage temperature | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Shock load | According to EN $60068-2-27$ |  |
| UL File No. | NRKH.E191603 |  |

[^4]
## Ordering information

Other models $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/WFnext
WF2, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions | Fork depth | Type | Part $n 0$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WF2-40B41CA00 | 6058568 |
|  |  | Advanced | Time measurement <br> + decentralized debouncing | 42 mm | WF2-40B41CA70 | 6058615 |
|  |  |  | High speed counter + decentralized debouncing | 42 mm | WF2-40B41CA71 | 6058616 |
|  |  | Standard | - ${ }^{1)}$ | 59 mm | WF2-60B41CA00 | 6058601 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WF2-95B41CA00 | 6058608 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

## WF5, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WF5-40B41CA00 | 6058595 |
|  |  |  |  | 59 mm | WF5-60B41CA00 | 6058602 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WF5-95B41CA00 | 6058609 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

WF15, Teach-in button

- 10-Link: $\sqrt{ }$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced <br> functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 mm | 1-point-teach-in <br> 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | Standard |  |  | 42 mm | WF15-40B41CA00 |

[^5]
## WF30, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WF30-40B41CA00 | 6058597 |
|  |  | Advanced | Time measurement <br> + decentralized debouncing | 42 mm | WF30-40B41CA70 | 6058617 |
|  |  |  | High speed counter + decentralized debouncing | 42 mm | WF30-40B41CA71 | 6058619 |
|  |  | Standard | $-{ }^{1)}$ | 59 mm | WF30-60B41CA00 | 6058604 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WF30-95B41CA00 | 6058611 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

WF50, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WF50-40B41CA00 | 6058598 |
|  |  | Advanced | High speed counter + decentralized debouncing | 42 mm | WF50-40B41CA71 | 6059834 |
|  |  | Standard | - | 59 mm | WF50-60B41CA00 | 6058605 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WF50-95B41CA00 | 6058612 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

## WF80, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $\boldsymbol{V}$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced <br> functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-point-teach-in |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80 mm | 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | Standard |  | - | 42 mm | WF80-40B41CA00 |

[^6]WF120, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 120 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WF120-40B41CA00 | 6058600 |
|  |  |  |  | 59 mm | WF120-60B41CA00 | 6058607 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WF120-95B41CA00 | 6058614 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

## WF2, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Sensitivity, light/dark switching) | - | 42 mm | WF2-40B410 | 6028428 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF2-60B410 | 6028436 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF2-95B410 | 6028443 |
|  | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WF2-40B416 | 6028450 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF2-60B416 | 6028457 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF2-95B416 | 6028464 |

WF5, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Sensitivity, light/dark switching) | - | 42 mm | WF5-40B410 | 6028429 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF5-60B410 | 6028437 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF5-95B410 | 6028444 |
|  | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WF5-40B416 | 6028451 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF5-60B416 | 6028458 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF5-95B416 | 6028465 |

WF15, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Sensitivity, light/dark switching) | - | 42 mm | WF15-40B410 | 6028430 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF15-60B410 | 6028438 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF15-95B410 | 6028445 |
|  | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WF15-40B416 | 6028452 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF15-60B416 | 6028459 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF15-95B416 | 6028466 |

WF30, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Sensitivity, light/dark switching) | - | 42 mm | WF30-40B410 | 6028431 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF30-60B410 | 6028439 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF30-95B410 | 6028446 |
|  | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WF30-40B416 | 6028453 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF30-60B416 | 6028460 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF30-95B416 | 6028467 |

WF50, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086
$\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline \text { Fork width } & \text { Adjustment } & \text { Teach-in mode } & \text { Fork depth } & \text { Type } \\ \hline & \text { Plus/minus buttons }\end{array}\right)$

WF80, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Sensitivity, light/dark switching) | - | 42 mm | WF80-40B410 | 6028433 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF80-60B410 | 6028441 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF80-95B410 | 6028448 |
|  | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WF80-40B416 | 6028455 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF80-60B416 | 6028462 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF80-95B416 | 6028469 |

WF120, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 120 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Sensitivity, light/dark switching) | - | 42 mm | WF120-40B410 | 6028435 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF120-60B410 | 6028442 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF120-95B410 | 6028449 |
|  | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WF120-40B416 | 6028456 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WF120-60B416 | 6028463 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WF120-95B416 | 6028470 |

Dimensional drawings (Dimensions in mm (inch))
WFnext - Plus/minus buttons


## Dimensions in mm (inch)

\left.|  | A |  | B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gabelweite/Fork width | Gabeltiefe/Fork depth |  |$\right]$| WF2 | $2(0.08)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WF5 | $5(0.20)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |  |
| WF15 | $15(0.59)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |  |
| WF30 | $30(1.18)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |  |
| WF50 | $50(1.97)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |  |
| WF80 | $80(3.15)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |  |
| WF120 | $120(4.72)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| WF2 | $14(0.55)$ | $5(0.20)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WF5 | $14(0.55)$ | $6.5(0.26)$ | $4.5(0.17)$ |
| WF15 | $27(1.06)$ | $5(0.20)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WF30 | $42(1.65)$ | $5(0.20)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WF50 | $51(2.01)$ | $16(0.63)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WF80 | $81(3.19)$ | $16(0.63)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WF120 | $121(4.76)$ | $16(0.63)$ | $6(0.24)$ |

(1) Optical axis
(2) Mounting hole, $\varnothing 4.2 \mathrm{~mm}$
(3) WF50/80/120 only

## Adjustments

WFnext, Plus/minus buttons (WFxx-B410)

(1) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output
(2) Function indicator (red)
(3) Plus/minus buttons and function button

WFnext, Teach-in via plus/minus buttons (WFxx-B416)

(1) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output
(2) Function indicator (red)
(3) Plus/minus buttons and function button

WFnext, Teach-in via Teach-in button (WFxx-B41Cxx)

(1) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output
(2) Function signal indicator (green)
(3) Teach-in button and function button

## Connection diagram

Cd-086
$-\operatorname{lin}_{i}^{1}+(L+)$
$\rightarrow \begin{aligned} & \text { whti } \frac{2}{2} Q_{\text {NPN }} \\ & \text { blu! }^{3}-(M)\end{aligned}$
$\rightarrow \underset{-\quad . j}{b k_{i}} \frac{4}{=} Q_{P N P}$

Cd-273
$-\frac{b r n!}{1}+(L+)$
$\rightarrow \frac{b \mathrm{ki}}{1} 4 \mathrm{Q}_{1} / \mathrm{C}$


## Setting the switching threshold

Setting the switching threshold via plus/minus buttons (WFxx-B410)

## 1. No object in the beam path



The yellow function indicator illuminates when the light received is at its optimum level. If necessary, increase sensitivity using the " + " button.

## 2. Object in the beam path



Yellow function indicator goes out.
If necessary, reduce sensitivity using the "-" button.

Teach-in via plus/minus buttons (WFxx-B416)
The switching threshold is set automatically. Fine adjustment is possible using the " + "/"-" buttons.

## 1. No object or substrate in the beam path



Press the " + " and "-" buttons together and hold for 1 second. The red function indicator
flashes slowly.

## 2. Object or label in the beam path



Press the "-" button for
1 second.
Red function indicator goes out.

## Notes

Material speed $=0$ (machine at a standstill).

+ Once teach-in process is complete, the switching threshold can be adjusted at any time usingthe " + " or " - " button. To make minor adjustments, press the " + " or " - " button once.
To configure settings quickly, keep the " + " or " - " button pressed for longer.
$\pm \frac{\partial / \theta}{3 \mathrm{~s}}$
Press both the " + " and "-" buttons together ( 3 seconds) to lock the device and prevent unintentional actuation.
$\pm{ }_{6 s}^{L / D}$
Press both the " + " and " - " buttons together ( 6 seconds) to define the switching function (light/dark switching). Standard setting: $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}=$ light switching.

Teach-in via Teach-in button (WFxx-B41Cxx)

## 1. Start teach-in: Position the background or object between the fork



Press the teach-in button for 3-20 s. With the pushbutton pressed down, move several objects with carrier material (label objects to be detected) through the sensor. The yellow LED flashes at 3 Hz during the teach-in procedure. Recommendation: Move at least 3 objects through the sensor.

## 2. End teach-in:



Release the teach-in button for < 20 s . If teach-in is suc-cessful, the function indicator (yellow LED) directly indicates the output state of the sensor. The switching threshold is now optimally set between background and object. The best possible operational safety is provided.

## Note

## Fine adjustment

In order to obtain a higher operating reserve, a fine adjustment can be carried out after successful teach-in. For this purpose, the switching threshold is set close to the taught-in object. The teach-in button must be pressed and released within 10 s of successful teach-in. Successful setting is signaled by flashing twice at 1 Hz .

## Light/dark switching



You can change between light switching and dark switching by pressing the teach-in button for 20-30 s.

## Pushbutton lock



The device can be locked against unintended operation by pressing the teach-in button for $>30 \mathrm{~s}$.
The device can be unlocked by pressing the teach-in button again for $>30 \mathrm{~s}$.

## THE PERFECT SENSOR FOR THE DETECTION OF VERY SMALL PARTS AND PRECISE POSITIONING



## CDRH

## C $\in \mathbb{A}$ 신

Additional informationDetailed technical data ..... 41
Ordering information ..... 43
Dimensional drawings ..... 47
Adjustments ..... 48
Connection diagram ..... 48
Setting the switching threshold ..... 49

## Product description

WF Laser fork sensors are characterized by fast response times and a highly focused visible laser beam. The sender and receiver operate using a through-beam design and are in a single housing. No adjustments therefore need to be made. The sensors guarantee exceptionally high positioning accuracy and impress with their extremely fast

## At a glance

- Very precise Class 1 laser
- Simple and precise setting of the switching threshold via IO-Link, teach-in button, or plus/minus buttons
- Fast response time: $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$


## Your benefits

- A highly precise laser beam ensures consistent measurement accuracy along the entire measuring range and reliable detection of the smallest objects
- A visible laser light spot enables easy alignment and fast adjustment
response times and very fine resolution. As a result, the sensors are particularly suitable for detecting extremely small objects such as needles or wires. They are also recommended for the detection of transparent objects. A total of 21 WF Laser variants are available for use in a wide range of applications.
- PNP and NPN switching output
- Light/dark switching function
- Stable aluminum housing with IP 65 enclosure rating
- Smart sensor with integrated IO-Link interface
- Reliable and simple setting via teachin ensures high process reliability
- A wide range of different fork sizes increases installation flexibility
- The aluminum housing meets all requirements for use in harsh industrial conditions

[^7]

## Detailed technical data

## Features

|  | WFL - Teach-in button | WFL - Plus/minus buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Functional principle | Optical detection principle |  |
| Housing design (light emission) | Fork shaped |  |
| Fork width | $2 \mathrm{~mm} . . .120 \mathrm{~mm}$ (depending on type) |  |
| Fork depth | 42 mm ... 95 mm (depending on type) |  |
| Minimum detectable object (MDO) | 0.05 mm |  |
| Light source | Laser, visible red light |  |
| Wave length | 670 nm |  |
| Laser class | I |  |
| Adjustment | Teach-in button Cable | Plus/minus buttons |
| Teach-in mode | 1-point-teach-in <br> 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | 2-point teach-in |
| Output function | Light/darkswitching, selectable via button |  |

Interfaces

| IO-Link Funktionen | WFL- Teach-in button | WFL - Plus/minus buttons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Standard |  |  |
| Advanced (depending on type) |  |  |

## Mechanics/electronics

|  | WFL - Teach-in button | WFL - Plus/minus buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ | 10 V DC ... 30 V DC |  |
| Ripple ${ }^{2)}$ | < 10 \% |  |
| Power consumption ${ }^{3)}$ | 40 mA |  |
| Switching frequency ${ }^{4)}$ | 11 kHz | 10 kHz |
| Response time | $60 \mu \mathrm{~s}^{5)}$ | $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Stability of response time | $\pm 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| Jitter | $22 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $40 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Output type | PUSH/PULL | PNP/NPN |
| Switching output (voltage) | Push/Pull: High $=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}-<2 \mathrm{~V} /$ Low: $\leq 2 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PNP: } \text { HIGH }=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}-\leq 2 \mathrm{~V} / \text { LOW approx. } \mathrm{O} \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { NPN: } \mathrm{HIGH}=\text { approx. } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}} / \text { LOW } \leq 2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| Switching output | Light/dark switching |  |
| Output current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}$ | 100 mA |  |
| Input, teach-in (ET) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Teach: } \mathrm{U}>5 \mathrm{~V} \ldots<\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{v}} \\ & \text { Run: } \mathrm{U}<4 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Initialization time | 40 ms | 100 ms |
| Connection type | Connector M8, 4-pin |  |
| Ambient light immunity | Sunlight: $\leq 10,000 \mathrm{klx}$ |  |


|  | WFL - Teach-in button | WFL - Plus/minus buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Protection class ${ }^{6)}$ | III |  |
| Circuit protection | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{V}}$ connections, reverse polarity protected Output Q short-circuit protected Interference pulse suppression |  |
| Enclosure rating | IP 65 |  |
| Weight ${ }^{7}$ | Approx. 36 g... 160 g |  |
| Housing material | Aluminum |  |

${ }^{1)}$ Limit values, reverse-polarity protected, operation in short-circuit protected network: max. 8 A .
${ }^{2}$ ) May not exceed or fall below $U_{v}$ tolerances.
${ }^{3}$ ) Without load.
${ }^{4}$ ) With light/dark ratio 1:1.
${ }^{5}$ ) Signal transit time with resistive load.
${ }^{6)}$ Reference voltage DC 50 V .
${ }^{7}$ ) Depending on fork width.

## Ambient data

|  | WFL - Teach-in button | WFL - Plus/minus buttons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ambient operating temperature ${ }^{1)}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Ambient storage temperature | $-30{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Shock load | According to EN $60068-2-27$ |  |
| UL File No. | NRKH.E191603 \& NRKH7.E191603, CDRH-conform |  |

[^8]
## Ordering information

Other models $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/WFL

## WFL2, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WFL2-40B41CA00 | 6058620 |
|  |  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL2-60B41CA00 | 6058627 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL2-95B41CA00 | 6058635 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

## WFL5, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WFL5-40B41CA00 | 6058621 |
|  |  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL5-60B41CA00 | 6058628 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL5-95B41CA00 | 6058636 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

WFL15, Teach-in button

- IO-Link:
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WFL15-40B41CA00 | 6058622 |
|  |  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL15-60B41CA00 | 6058629 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL15-95B41CA00 | 6058637 |

[^9]
## WFL30, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $\downarrow$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WFL30-40B41CA00 | 6058623 |
|  |  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL30-60B41CA00 | 6058631 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL30-95B41CA00 | 6058638 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

WFL50, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WFL50-40B41CA00 | 6058624 |
|  |  | Advanced | Time measurement <br> + decentralized debouncing | 42 mm | WFL50-40B41CA70 | 6058645 |
|  |  |  | High speed counter + decentralized debouncing | 42 mm | WFL50-40B41CA71 | 6058646 |
|  |  | Standard | $-{ }^{1)}$ | 59 mm | WFL50-60B41CA00 | 6058632 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL50-95B41CA00 | 6058639 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

WFL80, Teach-in button

- IO-Link: $\sqrt{ }$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced <br> functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-point-teach-in |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80 mm | 2-point teach-in <br> Dynamic Teach-in | Standard |  | - | 42 mm | WFL80-40B41CA00 |

[^10]WFL120, Teach-in button

- 10-Link: $V$
- Output type: PUSH/PULL
- Connection diagram: cd-273
- Adjustment: Teach-in button (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching), cable (dynamic Teach-in)

| Fork width | Teach-in mode | IO-Link functions | Advanced functions ${ }^{1)}$ | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 120 mm | 1-point-teach-in 2-point teach-in Dynamic Teach-in | Standard | - | 42 mm | WFL120-40B41CA00 | 6058626 |
|  |  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL120-60B41CA00 | 6058634 |
|  |  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL120-95B41CA00 | 6058641 |

${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

WFL2, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, |  | 42 mm | WFL2-40B416 |
|  | 2-point teach-in | 6036821 |  |  |

WFL5, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WFL5-40B416 | 6036822 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL5-60B416 | 6036829 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL5-95B416 | 6036836 |

WFL15, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link:-
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WFL15-40B416 | 6036823 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL15-60B416 | 6036830 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL15-95B416 | 6036837 |

WFL30, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WFL30-40B416 | 6036824 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL30-60B416 | 6036831 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL30-95B416 | 6036838 |

WFL50, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link:-
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WFL50-40B416 | 6036825 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL50-60B416 | 6036832 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL50-95B416 | 6036839 |

WFL80, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link:
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WFL80-40B416 | 6036826 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL80-60B416 | 6036833 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL80-95B416 | 6036840 |

WFL120, Plus/minus buttons

- IO-Link: -
- IO-Link functions: -
- Advanced functions: -
- Output type: PNP/NPN
- Connection diagram: cd-086

| Fork width | Adjustment | Teach-in mode | Fork depth | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 120 mm | Plus/minus buttons (Teach-in, sensitivity, light/dark switching) | 2-point teach-in | 42 mm | WFL120-40B416 | 6036827 |
|  |  |  | 59 mm | WFL120-60B416 | 6036834 |
|  |  |  | 95 mm | WFL120-95B416 | 6036841 |

Dimensional drawings (Dimensions in mm (inch))
WFL - Plus/minus buttons

(1) Optical axis
(2) Mounting hole, $\varnothing 4.2 \mathrm{~mm}$
(3) WFL50/80/120 only

WFL - Teach-in button


Dimensions in mm (inch)

|  | A |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gabelweite/Fork width | B <br> Gabeltiefe/Fork depth |
| WFL2 | $2(0.08)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |
| WFL5 | $5(0.20)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |
| WFL15 | $15(0.59)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |
| WFL30 | $30(1.18)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |
| WFL50 | $50(1.97)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |
| WFL80 | $80(3.15)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |
| WFL120 | $120(4.72)$ | $42 / 59 / 95(1.65 / 2.32 / 3.74)$ |


|  | C | C1 | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| WFL2 | $14(0.55)$ | $13.5(0.53)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WFL5 | $14(0.55)$ | $15(0.59)$ | $4.5(0.17)$ |
| WFL15 | $27(1.06)$ | $13.5(0.53)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WFL30 | $42(1.65)$ | $13.5(0.53)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WFL50 | $51(2.01)$ | $24.5(0.96)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WFL80 | $81(3.19)$ | $24.5(0.96)$ | $6(0.24)$ |
| WFL120 | $121(4.76)$ | $24.5(0.96)$ | $6(0.24)$ |

[^11]Adjustments
WFL, Plus/minus buttons

(1) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output
(2) Function indicator (red)
(3) Plus/minus buttons and function button

## Connection diagram

Cd-273
Cd-086



WFL, Teach-in button

(1) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output
(2) Function signal indicator (green)
(3) Teach-in button and function button

## Setting the switching threshold

Teach-in via plus/minus buttons
The switching threshold is set automatically. Fine adjustment is possible using the "+"/"-" buttons.

1. No object or substrate in the beam path


Press the " + " and "-" buttons together and hold for 1 second. The red function indicator flashes slowly.
2. Object or label in the beam path


Press the "-" button for 1 second.
Red function indicator goes out.

## Notes

Material speed $=0$ (machine at a standstill).
Once teach-in process is complete, the switching threshold can be adjusted at any time using the " + " or " - " button. To make minor adjustments, press the " + " or " - " button once. To configure settings quickly, keep the " + " or "-" button pressed for longer.

Press both the " + " and "-" buttons together (3 seconds) to lock the device and prevent unintentional actuation.
$\pm{ }_{65}^{4 / D}$
Press both the " + " and " - " buttons together ( 6 seconds) to define the switching function (light/dark switching). Standard setting: $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}=$ light switching.

Teach-in via Teach-in button

## 1. Start teach-in: Position the background or object between the fork



Press the teach-in button for $3-20 \mathrm{~s}$. With the pushbutton pressed down, move several objects with carrier material (label objects to be detected) through the sensor. The yellow LED flashes at 3 Hz during the teach-in procedure. Recommendation: Move at least 3 objects through the sensor.
2. End teach-in:


Release the teach-in button for < 20 s . If teach-in is suc-cessful, the function indicator (yellow LED) directly indicates the output state of the sensor. The switching threshold is now optimally set between background and object. The best possible operational safety is provided.

## Note

## Fine adjustment

In order to obtain a higher operating reserve, a fine adjustment can be carried out after successful teach-in. For this purpose, the switching threshold is set close to the taught-in object. The teach-in button must be pressed and released within 10 s of successful teach-in. Successful setting is signaled by flashing twice at 1 Hz .

## Light/dark switching

You can change between light switching and dark switching by pressing the teach-in button for 20-30 s.

## Pushbutton lock

The device can be locked against unintended operation by pressing the teach-in button for $>30 \mathrm{~s}$.
The device can be unlocked by pressing the teach-in button again for $>30 \mathrm{~s}$.

## PLUG-AND-PLAY FORK SENSORS CONNECT AND GET STARTED

Additional information
Detailed technical data ..... 53
Ordering information ..... 55
Dimensional drawing ..... 56
Connection diagram. ..... 56

## Product description

The WFM fork sensors are extremely quick and easy to mount and commission thanks to plug and play. Their yellow receive indicator can be seen all the way round, providing optimum feedback on the switching behavior of the WFM. Since the sender and receiver are integrated within the same housing, there is no need for any complex alignment work, allowing detection tasks to be prepared and completed quickly and

## At a glance

- Clearly visible red emitted light
- No setup required: The sensor is ready for operation immediately
- Receive indicator, visible all-round


## Your benefits

- Fixed parameters guarantee a high level of operational safety with extremely simple commissioning
- A visible red light enables easy alignment of the WFM
easily. WFM have a rugged aluminum housing and are available in five different designs with fork widths ranging from 30 mm to 180 mm and fork depths of between 40 mm and 120 mm . SICK's fork sensors are suited to numerous applications, such as detecting parts in production processes, checking whether various objects are present, or intralogistic processes.
- 5 fork sizes with a maximum depth of 120 mm and a maximum width of 180 mm
- Stable aluminum housing with IP 67 enclosure rating
- The all-round visible receive indicator enables constant process control
- A wide range of different fork sizes increases installation flexibility
- Stable aluminum housing for use in harsh industrial environments

[^12]

## Detailed technical data

## Features

| Functional principle | Optical detection principle |
| :--- | :--- |
| Housing design (light emission) | Fork shaped |
| Fork width | $30 \mathrm{~mm} \ldots 180 \mathrm{~mm}$ (depending on type) |
| Fork depth | $42 \mathrm{~mm} \ldots 124 \mathrm{~mm}$ (depending on type) |
| Minimum detectable object (MDO) | 0.8 mm <br> 1 mm <br> (depending on type) |
|  | LED, visible red light |
| Light source | None |
| Adjustment | Dark switching / Light switching (depending on type) |
| Output function |  |

## Interfaces

| IO-Link Funktionen |
| :--- |
| Advanced Funktionen |
| Fieldbus, industrial network |
| Type of fieldbus integration |

## Mechanics/electronics

| Supply voltage ${ }^{1)}$ | 10 V DC ... 30 V DC |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ripple ${ }^{\text {2) }}$ | < 10 \% |
| Power consumption ${ }^{3)}$ | $<20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Switching frequency ${ }^{4}$ | 4 kHz |
| Response time ${ }^{5}$ | 125 нs |
| Stability of response time | $\pm 15 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Output type | PNP / NPN (depending on type) |
| Switching output (voltage) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PNP: } \mathrm{HIGH}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}-\leq 1.5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{LOW}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { NPN: } \mathrm{HIGH}=\text { approx. } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}} / \text { LOW } \leq 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| Switching output | Dark switching / Light switching (depending on type) |
| Output current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max. }}$ | 100 mA |
| Initialization time | 140 ms |
| Connection type | Connector M8, 3-pin <br> Cable, 3-wire, 2 m <br> (depending on type) |
| Ambient light immunity | Sunlight: $\leq 10,000 \mathrm{klx}$ |
| Protection class ${ }^{6)}$ | III |
| Circuit protection | $U_{\mathrm{V}}$ connections, reverse polarity protected Output Q short-circuit protected Interference pulse suppression |
| Enclosure rating | IP 67 |



## Ambient data

| Ambient operating temperature ${ }^{1)}$ | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ambient storage temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Shock load | According to EN 60068-2-27 |
| UL File No. | NRKH.E191603 \& NRKH7.E191603 |

[^13]Ordering information
Other models $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/WFM
WFM30-40

- IO-Link: -
- Fork width: 30 mm
- Fork depth: 42 mm

| MDO | Connection type | Output type | Switching output | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.8 mm | Connector M8, 3-pin | PNP | Dark switching | WFM30-40P321 | 6037819 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM30-40P311 | 6037820 |
|  |  | NPN | Dark switching | WFM30-40N321 | 6037821 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM30-40N311 | 6037822 |
|  | Cable, 3-wire 2 m | PNP | Dark switching | WFM30-40P121 | 6037823 |

WFM50-60

- IO-Link: -
- Fork width: 50 mm
- Fork depth: 60 mm

| MDO | Connection type | Output type | Switching output | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.8 mm | Connector M8, 3-pin | PNP | Dark switching | WFM50-60P321 | 6037824 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM50-60P311 | 6037825 |
|  |  | NPN | Dark switching | WFM50-60N321 | 6037826 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM50-60N311 | 6037827 |

WFM80-60

- IO-Link: -
- Fork width: 80 mm
- Fork depth: 60 mm

| MDO | Connection type | Output type | Switching output | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.8 mm | Connector M8, 3-pin | PNP | Dark switching | WFM80-60P321 | 6037828 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM80-60P311 | 6037829 |
|  |  | NPN | Dark switching | WFM80-60N321 | 6037830 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM80-60N311 | 6037831 |

WFM120-120

- IO-Link: -
- Fork width: 120 mm
- Fork depth: 124 mm

| MDO | Connection type | Output type | Switching output | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.8 mm | Connector M8, 3-pin | PNP | Dark switching | WFM120-120P321 | 6037832 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM120-120P311 | 6037833 |
|  |  | NPN | Dark switching | WFM120-120N321 | 6037834 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM120-120N311 | 6037835 |

WFM180-120

- IO-Link: -
- Fork width: 180 mm
- Fork depth: 124 mm

| MDO | Connection type | Output type | Switching output | Type | Part no. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 mm | Connector M8, 3-pin | PNP | Dark switching | WFM180-120P321 | 6037836 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM180-120P311 | 6037837 |
|  |  | NPN | Dark switching | WFM180-120N321 | 6037838 |
|  |  |  | Light switching | WFM180-120N311 | 6037839 |

Dimensional drawing (Dimensions in mm (inch))


## Dimensions in mm (inch)

|  | $\mathbf{A}$ <br> Fork width | $\mathbf{B}$ <br> Fork depth | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{C 1}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WFM30 | 30 | 42 | 30 | 6.5 |
|  | $(1.18)$ | $(1.65)$ | $(1.18)$ | $(0.26)$ |
| WFM50 | 50 | 60 | 40 | 6.5 |
|  | $(1.97)$ | $(2.36)$ | $(1.57)$ | $(0.26)$ |
| WFM80 | 80 | 60 | 70 | 6.5 |
|  | $(3.15)$ | $(2.36)$ | $(2.76)$ | $(0.26)$ |
| WFM120 | 120 | 124.3 | 100 | 17 |
|  | $(4.72)$ | $(4.89)$ | $(3.94)$ | $(0.67)$ |
| WFM180 | 180 | 124.3 | 152 | 22 |
|  | $(7.09)$ | $(4.89)$ | $(5.98)$ | $(0.87)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{C 2}$ | $\mathbf{C 3}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| WFM30 | - | - | 54 | 67.7 |
|  | $(-)$ | $(-)$ | $(2.13)$ | $(2.67)$ |
| WFM50 | 8 | 19.5 | 74 | 85.7 |
|  | $(0.31)$ | $(0.77)$ | $(2.91)$ | $(3.37)$ |
| WFM80 | 8 | 19.5 | 104 | 85.7 |
|  | $(0.31)$ | $(0.77)$ | $(4.09)$ | $(3.37)$ |
| WFM120 | 10 | 17 | 144 | 150.2 |
|  | $(0.39)$ | $(0.67)$ | $(5.67)$ | $(5.91)$ |
| WFM180 | 8 | 22 | 204 | 150.2 |
|  | $(0.31)$ | $(0.87)$ | $(8.03)$ | $(5.91)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

(1) Optical axis
(2) Mounting hole, $\varnothing 4.3 \mathrm{~mm}$
(3) WFM50/80/120/180
(4) Transmitted light (red)
(5) Function signal indicator (yellow), switching output

## Connection diagram

Cd-045


## Accessories

## Mounting systems

## Universal bar clamp systems

| Material | Description | Type | Part no． | 苍 | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | 苍 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\sum_{3}^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Steel，zinc coated | Mounting bar，straight | BEF－M12GF－A | 2059414 | － | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － |

## Connection systems

Modules and gateways
Connection modules

| Figure | Brief description | Type | Part no． | 芞 | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ | $\xrightarrow{\square}$ | 岗 | $\sum_{3}^{\sum}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IO－Link version V1．1，Port class 2，PIN 2，4， 5 galvanically con－ nected，Supply voltage 18 V DC ．．． 32 V DC（limit values，operation in short－circuit protected network max． 8 A ） | IOLP2ZZ－M3201 <br> （SICK Memory Stick） | 1064290 | － | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | － |
| ＋+1 | IO－Link V1．1 Class A port，USB2．0 port，optional external power supply 24V／1A | IOLA2US－01101 （SiLink2 Master） | 1061790 | － | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | － |

Fieldbus modules



Plug connectors and cables
Connecting cables with female connector M8，4－pin，PVC，chemical resistant
－Cable material：PVC
－Locking nut material：CuZn，nickel－plated brass

| Figure | Connection type head A | Connection type head B | Connecting cable | Connector material | Type | Part no． | 苍 | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{㐅}$ | 華 | $\sum_{3}^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female con－ nector，M8， 4－pin，straight， unshielded | Cable，open conductor heads | $2 \mathrm{~m}, 4$－wire | TPU | DOL－0804－G02M | 6009870 |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  |  | $5 \mathrm{~m}, 4$－wire | TPU | DOL－0804－G05M | 6009872 |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  |  | $10 \mathrm{~m}, 4$－wire | TPU | DOL－0804－G10M | 6010754 |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Female con－ nector，M8， 4－pin，angled， unshielded | Cable，open conductor heads | $2 \mathrm{~m}, 4$－wire | PVC | DOL－0804－W02M | 6009871 |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  |  | $5 \mathrm{~m}, 4$－wire | PVC | DOL－0804－W05M | 6009873 |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  |  | $10 \mathrm{~m}, 4$－wire | PVC | DOL－0804－W10M | 6010755 | － |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |

Female connectors（ready to assemble）M8，4－pin
－Locking nut material：CuZn

| Figure | Connection type head A | Connection type head B | Connector material | Locking nut material | Type | Part no． | 艾 | $\sum_{3}^{4}$ | $\stackrel{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{㐅}}{\substack{\text { ¢ }}}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\sum_{3}^{\sum}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $>0$ | Female con－ nector，M8， 4－pin，straight， unshielded | screw－type terminals | PBT／PA | CuZn | DOS－0804－G | 6009974 | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Female con－ nector，M8， 4－pin，angled， unshielded | solder connection | PA／Zinc diecast | CuZn | DOS－0804－W | 6009975 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | － | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

Dimensional drawings Universal bar clamp systems BEF-M12GF-A


Modules and gateways
IOLP2ZZ-M3201 (SICK Memory Stick)


IOLA2US-01101 (SiLink2 Master)


IOLG2EC-03208R01 (IO-Link Master)


IOLG2EI-03208R01 (IO-Link Master)



Dimensional drawings Connection systems

D0L-0804-G02M, DOL-0804-G05M, DOL-0804-G10M


DOS-0804-G


DOL-0804-W02M, DOL-0804-W05M, DOL-0804-W10M


DOS-0804-W


## REGISTER AT WWW.SICK.COM TODAY AND ENJOY ALL THE BENEFITS

Select products, accessories, documentation and software quickly and easily.

- Create, save and share personalized wish lists.
(V) View the net price and date of delivery for every product.
$\square$ Requests for quotation, ordering and delivery tracking made easy.
(V) Overview of all quotations and orders.
$\square$ Direct ordering: submit even very complex orders in moments.
$\square$ View the status of quotations and orders at any time. Receive e-mail notifications of status changes.
- Easily repeat previous orders.
- Conveniently export quotations and orders to work with your systems.



## SERVICES FOR MACHINES AND SYSTEMS: SICK LifeTime Services

Our comprehensive and versatile LifeTime Services are the perfect addition to the comprehensive range of products from SICK. The services range from product-independent consulting to traditional product services.


Consulting and design
Safe and professional

Product and system support
Reliable, fast and on-site


Verification and optimization
Safe and regularly inspected


Upgrade and retrofits
Easy, safe and economical


Training and education
Practical, focused and professional

## SICK AT A GLANCE

SICK is a leading manufacturer of intelligent sensors and sensor solutions for industrial applications. With more than 7,400 employees and over 50 subsidiaries and equity investments as well as numerous agencies worldwide, we are always close to our customers. A unique range of products and services creates the perfect basis for controlling processes securely and efficiently, protecting individuals from accidents and preventing damage to the environment.

We have extensive experience in various industries and understand their processes and requirements. With intelligent sensors, we can deliver exactly what our customers need. In application centers in Europe, Asia and North America, system solutions are tested and optimized in accordance with customer specifications. All this makes us a reliable supplier and development partner.

Comprehensive services round out our offering: SICK LifeTime Services provide support throughout the machine life cycle and ensure safety and productivity.

For us, that is "Sensor Intelligence."

## Worldwide presence:

Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Great Britain, Hungary, India, Israel, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Romania, Russia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, USA, Vietnam.

Detailed addresses and further locations $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com


[^0]:    $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/UFnext
    For more information, simply enter the link or scan the QR code and get direct access to technical data, CAD design models, operating instructions, software, application examples, and much more.

[^1]:    $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/WFS
    For more information, simply enter the link or scan the QR code and get direct access to technical data, CAD design models, operating instructions, software, application examples, and much

[^2]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Do not bend below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

[^3]:    $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/WFnext
    For more information, simply enter the link or scan the QR code and get direct access to technical data, CAD design models, operating instructions, software, application examples, and much

[^4]:    ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ Do not bend below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

[^7]:    $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/WFL
    For more information, simply enter the link or scan the QR code and get direct access to technical data, CAD design models, operating instructions, software, application examples, and much more.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Do not bend below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1)}$ On request also availible with advanced funktions A70 or A71.

[^11]:    (1) Optical axis
    (2) Mounting hole, Ø 4.2 mm
    (3) WFL50/80/120 only

[^12]:    $\rightarrow$ www.sick.com/WFM
    For more information, simply enter the link or scan the QR code and get direct access to technical data, CAD design models, operating instructions, software, application examples, and much more.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Do not bend below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

